365 SHAVES
A Stick of VINOLIA SHAVING SOAP is said to last a Year.
FOR 6D.

The Ipswich Journal,

(ESTABLISHED 1720.)

AND SUFFOLK, NORFOLK, ESSEX, AND CAMBRIDGESHIRE ADVERTISER.

No. 9,474. [Registered for Transmission Abroad.] IPSWICH, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1894. PRICE ONE PENNY.

CADBURY'S COCOA.
"THE TYPICAL COCOA OF ENGLISH MANUFACTURE, ABSOLUTELY PURE."—*The Analyst.*
NO CHEMICALS USED
(As in many of the so-called Pure Foreign Cocoas.)

CHRISTMAS BAZAAR, TOY FAIR,
AND EXHIBITION OF FANCY DRAPERY.

FREDERICK FISH & SON'S

CHRISTMAS SHOW is Now Proceeding, and a Variety of ELEGANT and USEFUL ARTICLES suitable for PRESENTS are being Exhibited, including

CHRISTMAS TREE ORNAMENTS, MECHANICAL FIGURE TOYS, JAPANESE GOODS, CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S CARDS.

DOLLS, TOYS, GAMES, MONEY BOXES, MUSIC FOLIOS, PHOTO FRAMES, ALBUMS, BLOTTERS, NEEDLE CASES, GLOVE BOXES, PERFUMERY, HAND MIRRORS, INK STANDS, HAND BAGS, PURSES, WORK BASKETS, WRITING CASES, PLUSH BRACKETS, WRITING SETS.

SMOKERS' CABINETS, TRAVELLING BAGS, TRAVELLING RUGS.

BAMBOO AND LACQUER STANDS,
TEA, WORK AND FLOWER TABLES, CHAIRS, MUSIC STANDS,
CARD TABLES, DRAUGHT SCREENS,
EASTERN CARPETS, RUGS, AND HANGINGS.

A MOST EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF
HUNGARIAN, BRETBY, DRESDEN, LIMOGES, and ORIENTAL CHINA,
TOILET SETS, TRINKET SETS, AND TEA SETS.

DINNER WARE AND TABLE GLASS.

JAPANESE GROTESQUES, BRONZES, BOHEMIAN GLASS, PARIAN FIGURES, CANDLESTICKS.

SUFFOLK HOUSE, IPSWICH.

CHRISTMAS SUIT ALL NOVELTIES.

THE NEW XANTHIAR LEATHER
IN A VERY GREAT VARIETY OF
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
THE GREATEST SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.
THE NEW GIRAFFE LEATHER,
VERY DELICATE AND CHASTE,
ON VIEW AT THEIR NEW SHOWROOMS.
S. SMITH & SMITH,
CASH "SUIT-ALL" STORES,
46 & 48, BUTTER MARKET, IPSWICH

BEARD'S STORES.

(From Messrs. MAPLE & Co., Upholsterers to Her Majesty The Queen, London.)

FURNITURE AND DECORATION.

EXPERIENCED ASSISTANTS WILL WAIT UPON CUSTOMERS TO TAKE INSTRUCTIONS, GIVE PRACTICAL ADVICE, AND PREPARE SCHEMES AND ESTIMATES FOR
HOUSE PAINTING, DECORATING, AND SANITARY PLUMBING,
IN TOWN OR COUNTRY.

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN PAPERHANGINGS IN EVERY NEW STYLE, VARIETY AND QUALITY.

ANAGLYPTA, XYLONITE, LINCRUSTA, and all the LATEST DECORATIVE ART PRODUCTIONS IN RELIEF, INCLUDING
JAPANESE LEATHER PAPERS,
And all other goods necessary for the very best Styles of Artistic Work at much lower prices than hitherto supplied in Ipswich.

OVERDOORS, DADO AND CORNICE MOULDINGS, FRIEZE & PICTURE MOULDINGS, IN WOODS AND PAPER STUCCO.

WOOD CHIMNEYPIECES AND OVERMANTELS, FIXED FURNITURE, LAMPS, SHADES, AND GASFITTINGS.

BEARD'S STORES,
COMPLETE AND RELIABLE HOUSE FURNISHERS & DECORATORS,
HOUSE AGENTS AND REMOVAL CONTRACTORS,
3 & 3a, King Street, & 28, Butter Market,
IPSWICH.

CHEAPEST FURNISHING WAREHOUSE

J. E. STAMMERS & SON,

Complete House Furnishers and Bedding Manufacturers,
8, 10, & 12, TACKET STREET, IPSWICH.

Iron Bedsteads from 10s. 6d., Full-size Palliasse 6s. 6d., Woven Wire Spring Mattresses 11s. 9d. Full-size Wool Mattresses 11s. 9d., Leather Couches 18s. 6d., Chefftoneers 29s. 6d., Loo Tables 16s. 6d., 4ft. 6in. Cornice Pole complete 1s. 6d., Overmantels and Chimney Glasses, Floor Cloths, Carpets, Drawing-room Suites, Pianos and American Organs, Perambulators and Carts at lowest prices. Trunks in all sizes. Second-hand Furniture bought or exchanged for new. Goods Delivered Free.

GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 24th, 1894, CHEAP FIVE DAY EXCURSION TICKETS to LONDON will be issued from the PRINCIPAL STATIONS on this Railway; available for return on the following Friday.
For full particulars see bills.
WILLIAM BIRT,
General Manager.

London, December, 1894.

HOUSE FURNISHING THROUGHOUT.

A COTTAGE FURNISHED FOR	...	£10
A SMALL HOUSE FURNISHED FOR	...	£25
A VILLA FURNISHED FOR	...	£50
A LARGE HOUSE FURNISHED FOR	...	£100

STRONG RELIABLE FURNITURE AT POPULAR PRICES.

CATALOGUES FREE. GOODS DELIVERED IN OWN VANS. FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT OR FREE DELIVERY.

R. D. AND J. B. FRASER,
MUSEUM STREET BUILDINGS
IPSWICH.

GEO. ABBOTT,
SOLE MAKER OF THE "VICTORIA" RANGE.
Repairs to Every Description of Stoves, Ranges, Boilers, &c. A Large Selection of Stoves and Ranges of all kinds kept in Stock.
CROWN STREET IRON WORKS.
IPSWICH.

ABSTRACT OF RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURE OF SUFFOLK COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM,

DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1894.

AS AUDITED BY T. HOWEL K. ROBERTS, Esq., AUDITOR OF THE EASTERN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES AUDIT DISTRICT.

PART I.—MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance in hand at the commencement of the year		2,290 7 9
Goods sold, namely—		
Farm and Garden Sales	32 19 0	
Kitchen Stuff and old Stores	21 7 6	
		54 6 6
Sums received on account of the Maintenance of Pauper Patients—		
From Guardians of Unions & Parishes within the County	14,842 5 10	
From Guardians of other Unions and Parishes	35 12 0	
From the Treasurer of the County for Patients adjudged chargeable thereto	7 9 6	
From the Treasurer of the County under Section 269 (3) of the Lunacy Act, 1890, in respect of accommodation at other Asylums, not exceeding one-fourth of the entire weekly charge ...	769 4 9	
		15,654 12 1
Criminal Patients—		
From Parliamentary Vote in	50 6 0	
		50 6 0
Funeral and Removal Expenses—		
From Guardians of Unions & Parishes	50 4 6	
		50 4 6
Other receipts, specifying them—		
Dividends on Crawford Fund	25 8 10	
		25 8 10
Total of Receipts and Balances ...		£18,035 5 8

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Salaries and Wages (not including Payments for Labour appearing in the Farming and Gardening Account, nor comprised in the Building and Repairs Fund Account), namely—		
Officers	1,111 5 0	
Attendants & others	2,518 18 3	
		3,630 3 3
Provisions (including Malt Liquor in ordinary diet)		4,543 4 1
Malt Liquor, Wine, and Spirits (not included in ordinary diet)		107 17 1
Farm and Garden Expenses		818 2 3
Clothing—		
For Patients	752 4 0	
For Attendants	157 2 11	
		909 6 11
Necessaries (including Fuel, Lighting and Washing)		2,170 19 1
Surgery and Dispensary		136 9 7
Furniture and Bedding		695 0 11
Funeral Expenses ...		29 16 9
Payments to Treasurers of other Asylums for Patients under contract or arrangement		3,077 7 0
Payments out of Crawford Fund		37 17 2
Other Payments, specifying them :—		
House-duty	2 6 8	
Printing, Stationery, and Stamps	278 8 7	
Amusements	99 5 7	
Carriage, Travelling Expenses, &c. ...	53 17 1	
Gravel	20 0 0	
		453 17 11
Balance in hand at the end of the year, viz :—		
At Bank, Maintenance	1,399 10 1	
At Bank, Crawford	104 8 3	
		1,404 18 4
With Clerk, Maintenance...	18 10 1	
With Clerk, Crawford	1 15 4	
		20 5 5
Total of Expenditure and Balances ...		£18,035 5 8

PART II.—BUILDING AND REPAIRS FUND ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.	Moneys raised by means of loans. £ s. d.	Other moneys. £ s. d.
Balance in hand at the commencement of the year	164 0 4	737 16 3
Sums received from the Treasurer of the County on account of—		2,575 0 0
New Buildings and Extraordinary Outlay (voted by County Council)	12,016 9 6	
Other receipts, specifying them :—		
Sales of Old Stores		8 14 0
Interest on £164 0s. 4d.	4 2 0	
Totals of Receipts and Balances	£12,184 11 10	3,321 10 3

EXPENDITURE.	Out of moneys raised by means of Loans. £ s. d.	Out of other moneys. £ s. d.
Sums paid on account of—		
Ordinary Repairs ...		1,882 10 2
Additions, Alterations, and Improvements (under £500)		284 12 4
New Buildings and Extraordinary Outlay (voted by County Council)	7,264 3 6	300 16 5
Other Payments, specifying them :—		
Pensions		103 9 4
Rates, Taxes, and Insurances		231 4 6
Fire Drill...		40 0 0
Cost of Assessment Appeal		231 16 7
Counsel's opinion ...		2 4 6
Balance in hand at the end of the year	4,920 8 4	444 16 5
Totals of Expenditure and Balances ...	£12,184 11 10	£3,321 10 3

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE IN PARTS I. AND II.

RECEIPTS :—	£ s. d.
Maintenance Account	15,834 17 11
Building and Repairs Fund Account	14,904 5 6
Total Receipts	£30,739 3 5

EXPENDITURE :—	£ s. d.
Maintenance Account	16,610 1 11
Building and Repairs Fund Account...	10,440 17 4
Total Expenditure	£27,050 19 3

PART III.—FARMING AND GARDENING ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Sums received during the year from Sales	32 19 0	
Value of Goods supplied to the Asylum during the year, viz :—		
Beef, Mutton, Pork, &c.	285 19 4	
Poultry and Eggs	34 1 11	
Milk, Butter, and Cheese	305 6 10	
Potatoes and other Vegetables... ...	276 14 2	
Value of Stock at end of year...	601 10 1	
Total	£1,536 11 4	

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Value of Stock at the commencement of the year		578 3 2
Sums paid during the year in respect of—		
Labour (not that of Patients)		222 14 11
Provender		328 6 10
Seeds and Manures		79 11 2
Stock, Live and Dead (bought) ...		105 13 3
Other Payments, specifying them :—		
Rent		79 18 6
Rates, etc.		10 12 5
Balance in favour of Farm and Garden ...		140 6 0
		£1,536 11 4

JAS. DUNLOP, Clerk of Asylum.

Sixteenth day of November, 1894.

	£ s. d.
Total Expenditure as shown in Summary of Parts I. and II.	27,050 19 3
Amount allowed at Audit	£27,050 19 3

I hereby certify that I have compared the entries in this Financial Statement with the Vouchers and other Documents relating thereto, and that the Regulations with respect to such Statement have been duly complied with.

I hereby further certify that I have ascertained by Audit the correctness of such Statement, and that the expenditure of the Visiting Committee during the year ended the 31st day of March, 1894, included in such Statement and allowed by me at the Audit is Twenty-seven Thousand and Fifty Pounds, Nineteen Shillings and Three Pence.

As witness my hand this First day of December, 1894.
T. HOWEL K. ROBERTS, District Auditor.

CLEARANCE SALE OF THIS SEASON'S STOCK
OF
JACKETS AND MANTLES
AT ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS
AT
FOOTMAN, PRETTY, & NICOLSON'S,
To-Day (Saturday) and Following Days.

PLUSH MANTLES, REGULAR PRICE 35s., 54s., 59s. 6d., 89s., 79s. SALE PRICE 25s., 42s., 39s. 6d. 45s., 59s. 6d.

TWEED GOLF CAPES, REGULAR PRICE 16s. 11d., 22s. 6d., 42s. SALE PRICE 5s. 11d., 10s. 11d. 19s. 11d.

BLACK CLOTH JACKETS
REGULAR PRICE 5s. 6d., 6s. 11d., 8s. 11d., 10s. 11d., 12s. 11d., 15s. 6d., 18s. 6d., 31s. 6d.
SALE PRICE 2s. 11d., 3s 11d., 4s. 11d., 6s. 11d., 8s. 11d., 10s. 11d., 12s. 11d., 19s. 11d.

BLACK MANTLES, REGULAR PRICE 18s. 11d., 26s. 9d., 45s., 63s., 72s. 6d. SALE PRICE 6s. 11d., 12s. 11d., 21s. 9d., 29s. 11d., 39s. 6d.

LADIES' TAN CLOTH JACKETS.
REGULAR PRICE 12s. 6d., 21s. 21s. 25s. 6d., 36s. 9d., 55s., 69s., 79s., £6 6s.
SALE PRICE 4s. 1 1d., 8s. 11d., 12s. 11d., 18s. 11d., 26s. 9d., 35s., 39s. 6d., 49s. 6d., 69s.

YOUNG LADIES' JACKETS, from 8 to 15 years,
REGULAR PRICE 10s. 6d., 16s. 6d., 21s. 9d., 28s. 6d., 6s. 11d., 12s., 15s. 6d., 17s. 6d.
SALE PRICE. 5s. 11d., 8s. 11d., 12s. 11d., 17s. 11d., 3s. 11d., 6s. 11d., 8s. 11d., 10s. 11d.

VISIT THE CHRISTMAS BAZAAR.
HUNDREDS OF PRESENTS TO SUIT ALL
AT
WATERLOO HOUSE, IPSWICH.

ALFRED GODBALL,
PIANO AND MUSIC WAREHOUSE,
CORNHILL, IPSWICH,
INVITES ATTENTION TO HIS EXTENSIVE STOCK OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BY ALL LEADING MAKERS.

NEWEST DESIGNS IN PIANOS.

SOLE AGENT FOR
ALLISON AND CO.'S ELECTRIC LIGHTED PIANO
(Self-Feeding),
THE REFLECTROPHONE PIANO
(By Ernst Kapps), and the
FAMOUS SCHIEDMAYER AND KNAKE PIANOS.

All the Newest Sheet Music as soon as Published, at 2d. in the 1s. off for Cash.
ANY INSTRUMENT ON HIRE, OR ON THE THREE YEARS' SYSTEM.

OVERMANTELS!
OVERMANTELS!!
SEE WINDOWS
THIS DAY AND DURING THE WEEK.
PHILLIPS AND SON,
13 & 15, ST. MATTHEW'S, IPSWICH.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY.
JAMES BAGLEY,
FAMILY GROCER,
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, OUTFITTER,
AND
GENERAL PROVIDER,
NEEDHAM MARKET.

NORWICH ALES and STOUT, in 4½, 9, and 18 gal. Casks, also in Screw-stoppered Bottles.
WINES & SPIRITS OF THE FINEST QUALITY. SINGLE BOTTLES AT STORE PRICES.
MINERAL AND AERATED WATERS.
FINE KENT HOPS AND MALT.
POST ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

BUY FOR CASH.

	per ton.		per ton.
Wheat Meal ...	£2 10 0	Bran Meal ...	£6 0 0
Do. Best Quality	£4 10 0	Feeding Flour	£4 10 0
Barley Meal ...	£4 10 0	Middlings	£3 5 0
Pea Meal	£4 10 0	Fine Middlings	£4 5 0
Maize Meal ...	£6 0 0	Linseed Cake	£6 10 0
Lentil Meal ...	£5 0 0	Cotton Cake...	£4 0 0
Crushed Oats	£5 5 0	Rice Meal	£3 5 0

Meat Dog Biscuits 9s. 6d. per cwt. Poultry Mixture 10s. 6d. per coomb. Rice Peas 16s. per coomb. English Roller Flour 17/- and 19/- per sack.
Next cash with orders, not less than ton lots; less quantities 6d. cwt. extra; 5s. per ton extra for booking. Bags charged 6d. each, or returnable.
C. E. THURMAN,
KEY STREET MILLS, IPSWICH.

V. D. COLCHESTER'S COALS.
PRESENT PRICES DELIVERED IN IPSWICH

South Hetton Wallsend	26s. per ton.
Silkstone House	25s. ,,
Best Nuts	23s. ,,
Kitchen Cobbles	21s. ,,

Prices for Truck Loads to any Railway Station on application.
OFFICE: CORNHILL, IPSWICH.

PIANOFORTES,
By the BEST MAKERS in the WORLD,
UP TO 120 GUINEAS.
FOR SALE OR HIRE
ON THE
3 YEARS SYSTEM.
THOROUGHLY RELIABLE INSTRUMENTS.
IRON FRAME, FULL COMPASS,
PERFECT in TONE and TOUCH.
FROM
16 GUINEAS CASH,
OR ON THE HIRE SYSTEM
At 10s. PER MONTH
One of the BEST SELECTIONS in the EAST of ENGLAND.
C. F. HUNNIBELL & SON,
THE
IPSWICH PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
22, BUTTER MARKET, IPSWICH.
TUNING and RESTORING.

SPECIAL SHOW OF MILLINERY.
TRIMMED HATS,
VARIOUS SHAPES,
FELT AND STRAW
ALL ONE PRICE, 1s. 11½d.
AT
WM. C. NEWITT'S,
LONDON HOUSE, TACKET STREET.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF FLANNELETTES, ALL PRICES.
GOOD DRESS MELTONS, ALL COLORS, from 2½ FLOOR CLOTHS, COCO MATTINGS, RUGS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS, TIES, COLLARS and HOSIERY,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH ONLY.

LOOK OUT
FOR
WOOTTON'S
CHRISTMAS BAZAAR.
SPECIAL SHOWROOM.
COMMENCING DECEMBER 1st.
"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

GEO. WOOTTON,
FANCY STORES, HAIRDRESSER AND PERFUMER,
7, TAVERN STREET,
IPSWICH,

J. WATSON,
DOG'S HEAD LANE,
CORNER OF BROOK STREET.
GOOD SUITS TO MEASURE
From 35/-, 37/6, 40/-, 45/-, 50/-, 55/-, 63/-.
STYLE, FIT AND BEST WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.
HATS & CAPS, TIES, COLLARS, &c.,
AND
HOSIERY of EVERY DESCRIPTION
UP TO DATE
AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

E. ALDOUS,
THE LONDON & PARIS HAT DEPOT,
3, CARR STREET, IPSWICH
(One Door from White Horse Hotel).
SPECIALITY HATS, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 4s 6d., 5s. 6d.
SPECIALITE GLOVES (Ladies' and Gents')
1s. 6d., 1s. 11½d., 2s. 6d.
SPECIALITE SHIRTS, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 4s. 6d.
SPECIALITE RECOVERING UMBRELLAS,
Ladies' or Gents', 2s. 11½d. upwards.
SPECIALITE REFITTING WHITE SHIRTS, 2s. 3d. each.
Specialities in Ties, Collars, Socks, Umbrellas, Bags, Rugs, &c., &c.

TURKEYS, GEESE, POULTRY, &c.
MESSRS. H. NEWTON & CO.
ARE prepared to buy for cash or receive on consignment of above. Having large Private trade they sell direct to consumers; this enables them to return the best Market prices. A trial solicited.
St. John's Stores,
86, St. John's Street,
Smithfield Market.

JOSEPH BIRD AND SON,
COAL MERCHANTS,
STOKE BRIDGE WHARF.
Present prices delivered in the town —

	per ton.
Best Lambton Wallsend or South Hetton	26/-
Best Clay Cross (recommended)	25/-
Best Silkstone	24/-
Best Bright Nuts	23/-
Kitchen Coal	21/-

1/- PER TON DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
TOWN OFFICE: 30, WESTGATE STREET.

FALSE TEETH.
Old Gold and Silver, Precious Stones, Coins, &c Bought or Exchanged.
Cash forwarded per return of Post for Parcels received from Country.
R. D. & J. B. FRASER, Silversmiths,
MUSEUM STREET BUILDINGS IPSWICH

ROCHE'S HERBAL EMBROCATION.
HOOPING COUGH
HOOPING COUGH
HOOPING COUGH
HOOPING COUGH
BRONCHITIS
CROUP
The celebrated effectual cure without internal medicine.
Of all Chemists, price 4s. per bottle. Sole Wholesale Agents: W. Edwards & Son, 157, Queen Victoria Street, London.
ROCHE'S HERBAL EMBROCATION.

ADAMS'S FURNITURE POLISH

THE OLDEST AND BEST.—"THE QUEEN"

(Lady's Newspaper) says:—"Having made a fresh trial of its virtues, after considerable experience with compounds of the same nature, we feel no hesitation in recommending its use to all housewives who are in any difficulty in polishing their furniture."—22nd October, 1892.

Sold by GROCERS, CHEMISTS, OILMEN, MARKET MAKERS, BRUSH DEALERS, OILMEN, &c.

MANUFACTORY—VALLEY ROAD, SHEFFIELD.

CAUTION.—See that the Name is on the Bottle, and beware of cheap imitations.

Wholesale and Retail of GRIMWADE, RIDLEY, & Co., IPSWICH.

'WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.'

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR ALL

BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS,

SUCH AS

SICK HEADACHE. CONSTIPATION. WEAK STOMACH. IMPAIRED DIGESTION. DISORDERED LIVER. & FEMALE AILMENTS.

ANNUAL SALE SIX MILLION BOXES.

IN BOXES, 9½D., 1s. 1½D., AND 2s. 9D. EACH, WITH FULL DIRECTIONS.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE PROPRIETOR—

THOMAS BEECHAM, ST. HELEN'S, LANCASHIRE

Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere.

FOR RHEUMATISM · LUMBAGO · STIFFNESS

AN EXCELLENT GOOD THING.

TRY ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION

SLOUGH, ENGLAND.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION

OUR £2000 OFFER!!

A STARTLING OFFER is contained in the following list—rare chance to secure YOUR MONEY IN YOUR POCKET instead of paying it away for cash and HIRE PURCHASE. It is not the usual worthless affair. Carefully read on and follow the simple instructions, for thousands daily can do so at a saving of pounds, whilst LESS THAN HALF the price charged by the passengers selling on "time" is the same thing. Try

SEND YOUR NAME TO-DAY for my Splendid Pictorial Guide Book, showing with over a thousand illustrations of my world-famed manufactures. I send with each a full list of my £2,000 FREE REWARD Free Distribution. As you read, thousands hasten to secure, and to post their orders. Those who, of the two watches you desire, and enclose Post Office Order for the amount. I WILL IMMEDIATELY FORWARD, free and safe by post registered, into your own hands, my magnificent Gold Keyless Watch for Lady or Gentleman. A splendid three-quarter-plate, extra strong and enduring. FREE TRIAL ALLOWED. Great Value. Worth a Guinea. My price, 25s. A Thousand supplied per week. For the month only I undertake to supply a Second Quality of this Remarkable Watch, in Real Silver Cases, Jewelled throughout, for the SECOND QUALITY is 18s. I recommend this watch as strong and durable. MONEY BACK, in all cases where not exactly as represented. Also THE SPLENDID 18-CT. PLATED GOLD ALBERT CHAIN, as illustrated, 5s. Beautifully Allsorted, which each watch at 5s., or all 15s. The chains are exactly similar in appearance as costly real gold chains. This Speciality rich and elegant Chain is an EXTRA GIFT, in addition to the Grand Free Rewards, particulars of which are fully set forth in the separate sheet. Nos. 101, 201, 250, which accompanies my Pictorial Guide Book.

Purchasers' Remarks: Testimonials receive Double Value. Unsolicited testimonies to Samuel's famous watches has flooded the market with worthless imitations, offered to deceive the unwary customer. Such imitations are frequently the sweepings of the Watch Factories. Always H. Samuel's Watches are always reliable. Before all imitations and send to H. Samuel direct. You will be served as shown in the

No. 101,997,889.	SPECIAL EXTRA GIFT.	
£2,000.		
H. SAMUEL'S GRAND FREE REWARD BOND AND SPECIAL EXTRA GIFT COUPON, IPSWICH JOURNAL		DOUBLE PRIZES.

Cut this out and enclose it with P.O. Order, and H. Samuel binds himself to send the "Acme" Watch at the reduced price of 25s., as described above, and to endorse the Beautiful Certificate of Gift, and Albert Chain, as an Extra Special Gift. Signed H. SAMUEL.

P.O. Orders to be made payable to H. SAMUEL, at the General Post Office, Manchester.

Note this: It is absolutely necessary to send this Coupon in order to receive my special extra gift and prize.

THOUSANDS HASTEN, TRY TO-DAY

H. SAMUEL, 97, 98, 101, 85, and 121, MARKET STREET, MANCHESTER.

WORLD-FAMED ESTABLISHMENT FOR WATCH MANUFACTURER.

THE SOAP FOR HARD WATER. THE SOAP FOR SOFT WATER.

LATHERS FREELY in the HARDEST WATER.

WATSON'S MATCHLESS CLEANSER

A HOUSEHOLD REQUISITE.

THE SOAP FOR HOT WATER. THE SOAP FOR COLD WATER.

LARGE TABLETS 1d. SMALL 1/2d.

Sold Everywhere.

W. & C. C., BUILDERS, IPSWICH.

FACTORY CLOTHING CO., 117p, ALBION STREET, LEEDS.

CLOTHING EQUAL TO BESPOKE

Direct from the Factory to Consumer, at unprecedented prices.

MEN'S D.B. FRIEZE ULSTERS, 51in. long, in dark grey, brown, drab, and light grey, from	23/9
YOUTHS' do., do., 44in. long, from	17/9
MEN'S D.B. CHESTERFIELDS, 45in. long, in Friezes and Meltons, from	20/3
YOUTHS' do., do., 36in. long, from	14/9
BOYS' REEFERS, blue nap and serge, to fit boys from 3 to 10 years old, from	3/3
GIRLS' Tailor-made do., do., from	3/9
BOYS' LONG CAPE CHESTERFIELDS, in tweeds, curls, and serges. Capes 16in. long. Coat 32in. long. To fit boys from 3 to 10, from	8/6
YOUTHS' do., do., from	15/6

SPECIAL LINE FOR THE MILLION.

MEN'S SERGE SUITS	17/6
MEN'S SERGE and TWEED SUITS, from	10/-
YOUTHS' do. (age 12 to 17)	11/-
RUGBY SUITS (age 9 to 12)	7/6
NORFOLK do. (age 5 to 10)	5/6
SAILOR do. (age 3 to 10)	3/6

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BENGER'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED.

THE MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE & DIGESTIBLE

The London Medical Record says:—

"It is retained after every other Food has been rejected. It is invaluable."

THE QUEEN OF 20th JULY says:—"I cannot too highly resist telling you of the marvellous results of Benger's Food. Not only am I quite recovered, but my baby, who was very delicate, is now thriving on it, and finds great benefit."

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It is now my sad lamenting regret to say that I have no baby.

TINS, 1/6, 2/6, and 5/-, of all Leading Chemists, &c., everywhere.

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Sold by ALL LIVE CHEMISTS

IN BOTTLES 1½d. & 2/3 EACH

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

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THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, and forming rich blood when impoverished.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.
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Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blood Poisons or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scrofula Humours.
Cures Consumptive Ulcers.
Cures Blood Taints, Diseases.
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Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter, from whatever cause arising.

Sold by Chemists at 2s. 9d. per bottle, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BE SURE AND ASK FOR CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE. VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, or sent for 33 or 132 stamps by the Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN.

CAUTION.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

A TRAGIC MYSTERY.

FROM THE DIARY OF INSPECTOR BYRNES.

BY JULIAN HAWTHORNE.

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CHAPTER XVI.

A CONFIDANT.

CHARLOTTE already knew McGloin by sight, and had no difficulty in bringing about a meeting with him. She had not liked him before, and had no reason to do now; but she took an interest in him somewhat similar to that of the lawyer in his client, or the artist in his picture. He stood as the material on which she was to begin the work of her new profession. Whether he might have on what various motives women pay them attentions; and Mike McGloin was certainly far from suspecting the nature of the purposes that were actuating Charlotte.

In spite of her provincial education, Charlotte was a fairly accomplished dissembler: her life in the city, though it had been comparatively short, had developed what was probably an innate talent in that direction. It had also given her a knowledge of the ways and byways of the seamy side of the metropolis, and had added to the conventional accomplishments of a respectably trained young woman a facility with the argot and habits of the slums. She was, therefore, competently equipped for the adventure.

McGloin was, as has been intimated, inclined to vaunt himself on his success with women, and he had, heretofore, been somewhat piqued by Charlotte's manifest indifference to him. Her sudden recognition of his worth might have awakened misgivings in the mind of an older and less self-conceited man: but he regarded it merely as the inevitable tribute which, sooner or later, he felt sure to win. Moreover, the very delay had aroused him, and he cultivated her with more eagerness than he otherwise would have done. She, on the other hand, while inducing him to believe that he had impressed her, judiciously held him at arm's-length, in order to stimulate him the more.

"You are not like other men to me, Mike," she told him, "and I won't let you treat me as other men do. You don't come for—for—I know that. Once you got tired of me, you would throw me off, like the rest. But I have some good feelings left in me still, and that's why I mean to be a friend to you, and nothing more."

McGloin's answers to such speeches may easily be imagined. But in course of time there is nothing in this hideous travesty of love-making that is either agreeable or amusing; we will let it alone as much as possible. The upshot of it was, that she young fellow became infatuated, and was ready to do anything—or said he was—to induce Charlotte to abjure her scruples. She reported her interviews with him at headquarters: and at length it was resolved to make trial how far he was prepared to commit himself.

Charlotte had rooms in an obscure but comparatively respectable region of the town, west of Washington-square. The apartment consisted of a sitting-room and a bedroom communicating with it by a narrow passage, having a door at each end. Both rooms opened upon the hall or entry of the house: and there was a small ante-room on the same floor, used as a receptacle for trunks. The girl had hither to kept McGloin in ignorance of her address: but it was now expedient, for the ends of justice, that she should allow him to see her in this place. In giving her his final instructions, Inspector Byrnes bade her penetrate as deeply as she could into the recesses of McGloin's evil consciousness. "We have reason to think that he has done a very bad thing," he added, "and you mustn't be surprised if it turns out to be the worst that can be."

"I think I can manage him, inspector," the girl answered: "and at any rate you may trust me to do my best."

"I shan't ask any more of you," he returned. "This is an ugly piece of business for a girl to attempt; but, if you succeed, you will have done a vast service to the law. Now go; and good luck to you."

That afternoon, Charlotte informed her landlady that she expected two friends in the evening to take supper with her. One of them, whom she referred to as her brother, would probably arrive an hour or two in advance of the other. He was to be admitted to her room on giving his name. The other she would bring with her.

She had purposely taken occasion to discover how much liquor McGloin could carry, and knew about the point at which he would be most communicative. Having laid in the necessary refreshments, and completed all other preliminary arrangements, she put on her best clothes, and went out. It was then about 5 o'clock.

At eight o'clock the door bell rang, and a gentleman wished to know whether Miss Charlotte had returned yet. He was dutifully informed that she had not, he inquired whether the young lady had not left word, before going out, that she expected a friend to supper with her. The reply to this being affirmative, the gentleman introduced himself as the brother in question, and was thereupon allowed to go upstairs. Up he went, accordingly, and on reaching the door heard from him. He was a very quiet gentleman indeed, and must have been a very patient one: for it was not until after ten o'clock that Charlotte and her friend came in.

When they got upstairs, the sitting-room was empty, and there was no sign of the brother anywhere. Charlotte, however immediately upon entering, glanced at the mantelpiece. On the left hand stood a bit of cardboard, folded into a pyramidal shape, and set up on its base. Apparently, this object reassured her; she tossed the cardboard pyramid into the fire, and addressed herself to the entertainment of her only visible guest.

As for McGloin, he was evidently in good spirits, and was thoroughly satisfied with the turn his situation. He regarded Charlotte with bold and warm glances; and having disembarrassed himself of his hat and overcoat, and thrown away the stump of his cigar, he attempted to throw his arm round her waist and kiss her. But she avoided him, and put the table between them.

"You mustn't do that, Mike," she said; "I told you so before I brought you up here. If you keep on, you will never get anything again. I wanted that we should have a cosy little supper here all to ourselves, and a nice long talk; neither of us really know the other yet; and if we are to be friends, that is the first thing to be done. Now, are you going to be sensible or not?"

"Well, you've kept the onecreest girl I ever struck," said McGloin, discontentedly. "You know I'm dead stuck on you, and you're just playing me off."

"I don't know anything about you," replied the girl, who (McGloin having thrown himself upon the sofa) began to busy herself to put supper on the table. "You have never told me anything about yourself. I can see that you are good-looking, of course: but the worst man can be good-looking; and I'm afraid you are very bad."

"Me very bad!" replied he, with a laugh. "What ails you to think that?"

"Well, I have heard people say that you are terribly reckless and wouldn't stop at anything."

"Well, and what then? You wouldn't have a man be a milk-sop, would you?"

"I didn't say that. I like a man to be a man—of course I do! And if I was sure a man cared for me, I suppose I could forgive him a good deal. But what's the use of talking? You'd sooner have something to drink, wouldn't you?"

With these words, she produced a bottle of champagne from the closet, and deftly removed the cork without spilling a drop of the liquor. She then filled two glasses, and held one toward McGloin, who took it, and gulped down the contents.

"By G——!" he exclaimed, wiping his mouth with the back of his hand, "that's the right sort of stuff, isn't it? You don't buy that under three dollars a bottle."

"I don't keep any poor stuff," returned the girl, tossing her head: "and I'm not likely to give less than the best to you, anyhow!"

"It ain't every girl that can set up the drinks in this style, all the same," observed he. "Where does the cash come from to do it with? That's what I'd like to know!"

"I can have my secrets as well as you, I suppose," was the answer. "If you know where the money goes to, you needn't trouble to ask where it comes from."

"You hit it that time, my dear," said her companion, with an approving nod. "Money is for them that can get it, all the world over. If you have to come by it, you mustn't be too particular. You and me will spend it, and the same with what I get hold of myself. Betwixt the two of us we can have things fixed pretty comfortable, I reckon."

"It ain't your money I want, Mike," she returned, giving him a tender glance, while she refilled his glass. "I expect you haven't got much to throw away, either. How should you? You don't work at anything, that ever I heard of."

"It ain't there that work comes in. Money always has the most of it," the young man observed, nodding his head darkly. "What I say is this—I can have money when I want it. A fellow that knows New York as I know it don't need to starve to death—nor to die of thirst, neither."

"You don't expect me to believe that, do you? Suppose you wanted twenty dollars to-morrow, how would you get it?"

McGloin emptied his glass and poured himself out another. "Never you mind!" he said. "There's more ways than one. I know a dozen men that would give me the straight tip on what would bring me five times that. There ain't a sport in New York that wouldn't do more than that for Mike McGloin. They know me; and they know it's healthier for them to be in with me than out—and don't you forget it!"

"Why, you're not a bruiser, are you?"

"Oh, I know how to put up my hands when I've a mind to; but that's neither here nor there. There's other ways of fighting, even with a fellow besides pasting him in the eye."

"Don't say such things! You frighten me!" exclaimed the girl, gazing at him with a sort of fearful admiration. "I'm glad I'm not a man—I shouldn't like to have you angry with me. I should be afraid of my life."

"It's a good job you're a woman—I don't say no to that," McGloin replied, passing his hand over his face. "You're the sort that suits me, and I don't care who knows it."

"How many girls have you said that same thing to, I wonder?"

"For the matter of that, how many men have you——"

"Now, stop right there, Mike McGloin," she interrupted, leaning across the table and putting her hand over his mouth. "I've been disappointed, and I don't like to say it; but that's got nothing to do with what I am to you. I've lived straight since you knew me; and as long as you're my friend I don't want to think or hear of anyone else."

"And no one else best bother hear or think of you, neither," rejoined the other, with an ominous frown. "I'm no baby, I ask, and I ain't going to put up with anybody fooling around you. I'm a tough—that's what I am: and no fellow ain't a tough till he's knocked out his man."

"Pshaw! that's all talk, Mike," returned the girl, shaking her head. "You wouldn't kill a man for making love to me, and you know it."

"I wouldn't, eh? Well, that's all right; I ain't saying nothing. Say, you're no hand at drinking. Let's see what's left in the bottle."

"There's more where that came from," remarked Charlotte, as he drained the last drop into his glass, after refilling hers. She sipped the wine and then set it down with a grimace. "It's as flat as water!" she exclaimed; and forthwith went to the closet and brought out another bottle. Upon seeing this, McGloin's countenance expanded. He leaned back in his chair and stretched out his legs. "This is cosy and comfortable, sure enough," he observed, complacently. "What's the matter with staying here for good and all? I'm game for it if you are."

Charlotte laughed. "I'll answer that question when I know better who it is I'm talking to," she said. "I'll talk straight to you, Mike: I don't care what you are, or what you've done, if only I'm sure you mean the square thing by me. And as soon as you prove that to me, you won't have any cause to complain of what I'll be to you. But until then, we'll just have a good time once in a while, as we are now, and say no more about it."

"What are you up to, anyhow?" demanded McGloin, resting his elbows on the table and looking over at her. "What do you want me to do? Give it a name. Come on!"

"How should I know what I want you to do?" she retorted. "Do anything you like! But remember this: you want me to give up everything to you, and put myself in your power, to be petted or kicked or turned out of doors just as you happen to feel in the humour. But I've known what it is to be in trouble and helpless, and I'm not going to risk it again. Unless I feel that I've got as much hold on you as you have on me, we'll be what we are now to each other, and will be nothing more. Let's have something more to drink, old man!"

"Ain't you got anything stiffer than this stuff?" said McGloin, finishing the contents of the second bottle, and setting down his glass with a thump that snapped the stem. "This don't go to the right spot, somehow. If I could have a few go's of whisky now, I'd feel right."

"You can have all you want, my dear," replied Charlotte, returning to the closet; "but whisky don't suit me: I'll stick to the other. There!" she added, putting the bottle on the table, "you've got a strong head if that don't fetch you."

McGloin mixed himself a stiff tumbler and smacked his lips over it. "That's the real thing after all!" he said. "That warms a man up! Say, my dear, you're a d—d nice-looking girl, did you know it?"

"And you're a wicked-looking man, did you know that?" she retorted, looking him in the eyes and smiling. "We would make a nice pair of us!"

McGloin made no immediate answer. He sat over his glass, staring across toward a corner of the room, scowling occasionally, and biting his lips.

His aspect at this moment was certainly evil and depraved; it spoke of dark and ugly places in his conscience and memory. Charlotte noticed it, and felt that now or never was the time to lure him into disclosing his secret. He had already said enough to show that he was capable of crime, but in so general a way as to be useless for legal evidence. He must be brought to make some more specific statement. Charlotte rose from her chair and came round to McGloin's side of the table. She seated herself close beside him and put her hand on his arm.

As she did so, the door leading into the hall opened about half an inch. It gave a faint creak in doing so. Charlotte heard the noise and knew what it meant. McGloin was only conscious that she was beside him. He roused himself from his ugly reverie and turned toward her. She looked extremely pretty, and her eyes were soft and penetrating. McGloin's faculties were somewhat confused by the liquor he had drunk, and the sensual exhilaration induced by the champagne had become dulled. But he was still sensible to the charm of her appearance, and it perhaps served as a grateful relief from the mental pictures he was contemplating.

"Mike," said the girl, in a caressing voice, brushing back the hair from his forehead and keeping her eyes upon his, "do you know what it was first made me fancy you?"

"I don't know," he said, "what was it?"

"You reminded me of someone I once knew. He was the first man that I ever cared for. I was nothing but a girl then, and didn't know much. He wasn't a bad man, you see, but you have an expression that is like his. And just now, when you were sitting staring at the corner of the room, I thought you were thinking of him. What were you thinking of then?"

"Me? Nothing." He stirred in his chair, and his head began to nod heavily. "What would I be thinking of? I was a bit sleepy, that's all."

"This man was about your age, but I guess he was a more respectable man you ever were. When we were together one evening—just as you and I are now—he told me of something that he had done. Nobody else knew it, and nobody else but I will ever know it, as he did, that thing. I have never spoken of it to a soul."

"Who was the fellow?" demanded McGloin.

"He's South America, I believe. He escaped, and he'll never come back here!"

"Escaped! What had he done to escape for?"

"I can tell you what he has done," returned Charlotte, after a pause, "because you will never know who he was. He had murdered a man!"

McGloin pushed back his chair and gave a quick glance round the room. His lips seemed to tremble for a moment, but he pressed them together, and clenched his teeth. He avoided looking at Charlotte, and turning, laid his hand on the bottle, and poured some whisky into the tumbler. After drinking it, he said, in a slow and deliberate tone:

"Then he was a d——d fool to tell a girl about it!"

Charlotte experienced a keen mortification, the traces of which, however, she succeeded in banishing from her face. "He had no cause to regret it," she answered after a moment. "I saved his life. I enabled him to prove an alibi."

McGloin was silent for a minute or two. He was apparently turning something over in his mind. It probably did not occur to him to question the truth of Charlotte's story, although, to a dispassionate listener, it would have seemed a tolerably transparent fabrication. But other considerations were working in his mind. A confession made privately to a girl like Charlotte would have no legal weight unless confirmed by independent testimony, or overheard by some trustworthy third party. On the other hand, were he to take her into his confidence, it might, as she had intimated, have a favourable effect upon his relations with her. There may, also, have been still other and more inward motives behind his action.

"Look here, my girl," said he, "I told you he was a d——d fool to say anything to you about it. What would you think if I was to make free such a fool of myself as he did? You say I'm like him!"

"What do you mean?" she exclaimed in a repressed voice. Her heart began to beat, and her cheeks flushed. Was she going to succeed after all? As she changed her position a little she cast a momentary glance toward the door. It had opened an inch or two further.

"Well, I've just taken a fancy to tell you about a little job I was into a while ago," returned McGloin, pulling up his collar and speaking a little unsteadily. "There was me and three others—Banfield, and Healy, and Morrissey. We hitched up a team, and started out, about ten o'clock, to see what we could pick up. Banfield was driving, and me and the others was loafing along the side walk, like as we had nothing to do with the cart at all. We started in Bleecker-street, and got down along by South Fifth-avenue, and then Banfield he pulled up in front of a liquor store. There was a big keg of rum alongside the door, and the folks hadn't gone to bed yet; but there was no one on the look-out, and we concluded to chance it. Me and Healy catched hold of the keg, and gave her a hoist toward the cart; but just before we could get her in, Banfield hollers out, 'Look sharp, boys! somebody's coming!' Sure enough, out jumps a cop from round the corner and runs for us. He was amongst us before we knew what was the matter. He made a grab for Healy and got hold of his collar, but Banfield reached over from the cart, and fetched him a bang on the side of the head with the butt of his whip that made him look silly, I tell you! Healy jerked away from him, though he got his coat tore doing it; and just then I stepped up, and I pasted him one under the left ear that put the lights out for him, and he was done in the ring! He chucked up his arms, and down he went like a sack of oats. Morrissey gave him a kick in the mouth, to remember him by when he woke up, and then lit out; and we took the keg along with us, too!"

McGloin told this tale in a manner consistently more diffuse and irregular than has been here reproduced; but also with occasional passages of emphasis and gesture which added not a little to the air of truth. He paused, also, once or twice to replenish his tumbler; and by the time he had finished, his eyes were wavering and his speech thick. Charlotte had perceived, before the narrative came to an end, that it could not be the one she was in quest of: waggon-drifts were a well-known species of pilfering, and incurred no very serious penalty. When complicated with an assault upon the police, it became, of course, more serious; but not so much so as to warrant all the pains the authorities had taken in investigation. It was evident, therefore, that she had failed as to the main object of her undertaking: McGloin was either innocent of the crime of which he was suspected or he had been too shrewd to reveal it. For that as it might, nothing more was to be got out of him on this occasion. His confidences had proceeded as far, indeed, even had it been desirable, his suspicions would have been aroused by any further attempt to question him.

It only remained for Charlotte, to disembarrass herself of her visitor the shortest way possible; and to that end she had provided herself with a soporific powder which she had secured into his last glass of whisky, and which soon sent him into a profound stupor. At this juncture, the door opened, and the long lost "brother" came in.

"Well," she said, turning to him with an expression of chagrin, "I did the best I could with him, but it was no use. I suppose that story isn't worth anything?"

"You did your work very well, miss," the other replied, "and I shall report it so as such. But he didn't say just what we wanted him to say, to be sure; but his manner when you put those points to him convinced me that he's our man; and as for the newspaper yarn, it will answer quite as well for our purposes as if it was the very job we are after."

"It was true, then, was it?"

"It was; and it came just at the right moment. That robbery was committed two days ago: the watchman was killed, and—and—no arrests were made; but he says he can identify three men if he could set eyes on some again. Banfield, Healy, and Morrissey's long to Mr. Soole's gang, and were probably with him on the occasion for which he is specially wanted. The evidence he gave to-night, which I overheard and noted, will be quite enough for their arrest and identification; and once McGloin is in the inspector's hands, it will go hard, but we shall get the whole nine out. He hitherto has been that we had no pretext for arresting him: but now, thanks to you, we have both him and the principles in our power."

"Well, I'm glad if I have been of use," said Charlotte: "I would do more than that for the inspector. Shall we leave this man here?"

"I'll put him on a sofa," replied the detective, "and he will sleep there till ten or eleven o'clock. If you don't like to remain here to-night, I'll take you to a hotel, and put you to bed."

"Oh, no, thank you, I'll stay: I can take care of myself," the girl answered, with a sad little smile. "At what time do you want me at the office to-morrow?"

Come round at noon," was the reply. "I shall have handed in my report by that time, and you can answer any questions the inspector may want to ask you."

"Very well: I will be there."

The detective took the sleeping McGloin beneath the arms, and dragged him over to the sofa: and having laid him out there, he bade Charlotte good night and went out. The girl stood looking down at the unconscious man for a while, and then turned away with a sigh, and entered her own room, locking the door after her. It was by no means a pleasant profession that she had engaged in; but how much better than the other!

(To be continued.)

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NOV. 26th, 1894.

Days of mourning quickly over—mourning for earth's greatest king—
Over mountain, Steppe, and forest, lark! the merry joy bird sing!
Son of Russia's mighty monarchs, friend and nephew of our Heir!
Father of our gentle Princess, sample sweet of mother's care!

Now the holy rites are over, Holy Church hath made them one;
Friends, who sorrowing mourned the father, row rejoicing with the son—
Golden circlets are exchanged, golden crowns upheld above,
Captives freed and debts forgiven, tokens of a reign of love!

After Russia's long oppression dawns a day of peace and joy—
Sire! may nobles' arts of freedom new thy youth and strength employ!
Liberty to others granting, so shalt thou thyself be free,
And the seed that slayed thy grandaire come not ever nigh to thee!

Doubly linked our hands in friendship, doubly knit our hearts in love!
Bless the Royal bride and bridegroom! Hear our prayer, O God above!
Bless thy hapless hand together in the path of peace repair,
And from war's dread shadow ever shield the Lion and the Bear!

A.F.

A NATION'S BRIDAL SONG.

Peace to her, peace and joy,
To the Empress and the bride!
Give her robes ermine and purple and gold
That the noble be laid aside.
Long has she wept, full long!
But now the bridal song
Flows far and wide o'er the distant tide,
As the bright hours speed along!

Merrily, merrily chime,
Oh! merrily ring the bells, in your rhyme!
No darksome cypress shall mar her wreath
To whisper of grief or death.
No tears shall dim the bride's blue eye,
No heart shall murmur, no voice shall sigh,
For sorrow is dead, and death has fled,
And memory dies on high!

All slowly the time has gone,
Since they summoned her, sad and lone,
To take the throne of the bride's fair bride:
Ere his spirit to rest were flown,
And a terrible grief has passed,
Like a storm, and left a ruin vast,
Over her husband's land, and its heavy hand
Hath a heavier shadow cast.

But stay! for all is changed,
And the sun, on fairer, brighter throne,
Has bidden his fair young bride rejoice,
And call his crown her own!
So peace to you, peace and joy!
Each blessings which ne'er shall fail!
Since Heaven's own glorious, matchless bride
Has joined their hands and ensnared their hearts
With a faith which, through ages, has never died!
Peace to her, from above!
Let the nations pray, on this glorious day,
For an international love!

M.E.A.

AN ECONOMICAL STEAM ENGINE

100 YEARS OLD.

A few years ago an old beam engine, built by James Watt, which had been doing regular daily work for 50 years, was taken down and replaced by a modern engine. The engine was originally a 25 horse-power engine, and was erected in 1785. In 1799 considerable alterations were made to enable it to work to 70 horse-power. It had a 24-inch cylinder, a 6-foot stroke, and ran and did the work of Charlotte's story, although, to a dispassionate listener, it would have seemed a tolerably transparent fabrication. But other considerations were working in his mind. A confession made privately to a girl like Charlotte would have no legal weight unless confirmed by independent testimony, or overheard by some trustworthy third party. On the other hand, were he to take her into his confidence, it might, as she had intimated, have a favourable effect upon his relations with her. There may, also, have been still other and more inward motives behind his action.

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McGloin told this tale in a manner consistently more diffuse and irregular than has been here reproduced; but also with occasional passages of emphasis and gesture which added not a little to the air of truth. He paused, also, once or twice to replenish his tumbler; and by the time he had finished, his eyes were wavering and his speech

GRANT'S MORELLA CHERRY BRANDY

FIRST PRIZE MEDALS at LONDON, MELBOURNE, and CALCUTTA.

Is the most delicious Liqueur in the World. Have you ever tasted it? It is very strengthening and most comforting in damp and chilly weather. Nice with lemonade or soda water. Sold by Wine Merchants and at Restaurants.

One little bottle of Norton's Pills is not going to cure all the ills you have. But one little bottle, beyond all question, will thoroughly conquer indigestion!

They have 100 YEARS' REPUTATION of being an UNRIVALLED REMEDY for INDIGESTION, HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DEBILITY, STOMACH and LIVER COMPLAINTS. A SPLENDID TONIC AND GENTLE APERIENT.

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For ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, NIGHT COUGH, INFLUENZA, HOARSENESS, AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES.

SAFE AND RELIABLE.

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SOLD BY CHEMISTS EVERYWHERE.

In Bottles, 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6, and 11/.

EADE'S GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS.

I WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT THEM IF THEY COST ONE POUND A BOTTLE.

"16, Burton Crescent, "Dewsbury Road, Leeds. "May 2nd, 1894.

"Dear Sir,—It is with unbounded pleasure I send you a few lines in praise of your most excellent Pills. It is a few years since I had a bad rheumatic fever, and I had three months in bed with it. Of course I had the doctor, and he sweated me down almost to a skeleton. Then I had the last grand attack, and was persuaded by a friend to try your Pills. I did so, and am quite sure they prevented my being laid up again. Ever since when I have had the least pain I leave him two or three Pills, and have been all right again directly.

I WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT THEM IF THEY COST ONE POUND A BOTTLE.

You are quite at liberty to make what use you like of this, and I shall be pleased to answer any poor sufferer who cares to write me (enclosing stamped address). Wishing you every success.

"Yours truly, "ALBERT MOUNTAIN."

EADE'S GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS.

Prepared only by GEORGE EADE, 72, Goswell Road, E.C. Sold by all Chemists, in Bottles, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d.

KILLED by SANFORD'S RAT CHOLERA, which is said to be the best ever introduced. Hundreds of testimonials. Also Poison for killing Moles, a New Discovery, answers well. Lasts for months. Either can be speedily cleared by using SANFORD'S MOLE POISON. Price of either of above, 1s. 2d., 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 5s., post free. SANFORD AND SON, SANDY, Beds. Sold by Chemists.

IMPORTANT Valuable and never failing remedies for all irregularities and obstructions, however obstinate or long standing, TO LADIES. result. These really wonderful medicines have been used by thousands of medical men, they preserve health, and have saved thousands trouble, illness, and expense, many of unsolicited testimonials. Send at once stamped envelope for most invaluable particulars. (The only effectual remedy on earth.)

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By J. A. BARNES, M.D. (U.S.), a Treatise entitled "HOW TO ENJOY PERFECT HEALTH:" A most Valuable Book for Young Men.

On the LAWS GOVERNING LIFE, and the CAUSES, STRICTURE and TREATMENT of all Diseases depending on Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Depression, Palpitation of the Heart, Noises in the Head and Ears, Impaired Sight and Memory, Indigestion, Premature Decline, &c. Sent post free on receipt of Two Stamps. Address,

16, Lonsdale Square, Thornhill Road, London, N.

TOWLE'S PENNYROYAL and STEEL PILLS for Females. Quickly correct all irregularities, remove all obstructions, relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. (the latter contains three times the quantity), of all chemists. Sent anywhere on receipt of 15 stamps by the Sole Agents, E. T. Towle, Chemist, Nottingham. Beware of imitations, spurious and worthless.

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FREE TO MEN.

WHEN you are tired of taking nauseous and mysterious prescriptions and compounds which do you no good, but only ruin your digestive organs, write to me and I will send you a book which describes a Quick and Certain Cure for lost strength, wasting weakness, &c., from whatever cause arising. No Stomach Machine, Electricity, or Belt in sight. Send in envelope on rece

HOTELS.

WILLIAM BULLOCK.
CHERRY TREE HOTEL, RYE,
In thanking the Clergy, Nobility, and Public for the support accorded him during the past eight years, begs to inform them he has purchased the Bull Hotel, Rye, Sussex, and the Bull Hotel, Bonchurch, Isle of Wight. Carte, Manager. Hunters' Bus for Cricket and other outings. Hearse and Mourning Coaches, Wedding Carriages, to orders for which special attention is given. Chaises straight and safe. "Bos leaves every Friday for Dias at 1.30, returning from Crown Hotel at 5.30. Fare, 1s. return.

Passengers by Steamboat will find CHEERFUL FIRES, COSY ROOMS, GOOD DRINKS, PLENTY of NEWSPAPERS, and the BEST ATTENTION at WESTGATE'S,
LOCK TAVERN AND HOTEL,
(near the Steamboat Piers), PROMENADE.
Dinners, Suppers, &c., for large and small parties.

CROSS KEYS HOTEL,
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(Opposite Lyceum Theatre)
HOT Dinners and Cold Luncheons in spacious Dining Room, at separate tables. Menu Liberal, Tariff Reasonable. See Bill of Fare, daily, at door of Hotel. Commercial Travellers will find Visitors Book at the Hotel in all respects well adapted to their requirements.
Central, Comfortable, and Clean.
FREDERICK MAKIN, Proprietor.

Pure Beer and Where to Get It.
Why not and all doubt on this matter by getting a supply from
HARRY COCKRELL,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,
IPSWICH
Either of the Celebrated BURTON ALES supplied in Small Casks.
The WHISKEY sold at this Establishment it is well-known still "holds the field."

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WINES and SPIRITS, ALES and STOUT on Draught or in Bottle.
SOUP, FISH, ENTREES, POULTRY, JOINTS, Daily.
BALLS, BANQUETS, and WEDDING BREAKFASTS supplied throughout in First-class Style.
BREAKFASTS, LUNCHEONS, TEAS, and SUPPERS; accommodation for Commercial Gentlemen.
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Proprietress: MRS. E. LAST.
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CATCHPOLE'S FINE ALES & STOUT, WINES AND SPIRITS.

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DINING AND REFRESHMENT ROOMS.
WINES, ALES, and STOUT on Draught or in Bottles. BREAKFASTS, LUNCHEONS, DINNERS, TEAS, and SUPPERS
YAPP'S PORK PIES, &c., &c.
A. YAPP, Proprietor.

PORT WINES DRAWN FROM THE WOOD, LARGE GLASS 3d.

BRITISH LION,
COMMERCIAL AND FAMILY HOTEL,
PRINCES STREET, IPSWICH,
Five Minutes from Railway Station.
THE above Hotel has been thoroughly renovated, and Commercial Gentlemen will find every comfort and convenience with strictly moderate charges. No smoke-lance charged, First-Class Billiard Room. Trams and Busses pass to and from the Hotel.
Proprietor: JOHN L. MOYSE,
Dealer in First-Class Horses.

ROSE HOTEL,
ST. PETER'S, IPSWICH.
Proprietor: A. LAST.
The above Hotel has recently undergone considerable Alterations and Enlargements, and the Proprietor begs to call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has now every Accommodation for Commercial Gentlemen and Private Parties.
Breakfasts, Dinners, Teas supplied on reasonable terms. All classes of catering tendered for.

STONE'S
BRITISH WINES
Jamaica Ginger — Rich Malaga
Liqueur Ginger — Dry Malaga
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Dry Raisin — Cowslip
Port — Sherry
Tent — Elder
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(Black, Red & White).
First Quality Green Label. — Second Quality, Brown Label.
Sold by Wine Merchants, Grocers, &c., everywhere.
Stone's Ginger Wine is sold on draught at all Bars.

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BEARD'S
PANTECHNICON,
9 & 10 QUAY, IPSWICH.
IN USE 40 YEARS
POOR MAN'S FRIEND
AND YET FOR
SKIN DISEASES.
SKIN DISEASES — This valuable OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L. Roberts, M.D.) is an unfailing remedy for wounded every description—Scorbutic Eruptions, Burns, Inflamed Eyes, &c.
SKIN DISEASES — DR. ROBERTS'
SKIN DISEASES — ALTERATIVE PILLS
SKIN DISEASES — For the BLOOD and SKIN are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in painful cracks in the skin, and more especially the hands generally. Sold at 1½d., 2s. and 4s. 6d. per box. Proprietors, BRIDPORT, and by chemists.

GREAT
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TWENTY YEARS' RESEARCH has brought to light a guaranteed Remedy for NERVOUS DEBILITY, the Secret of Youth, Lost Manhood, Weakness, Dimness of Sight, Bladder, Gravel, Kidney and Liver complaints. This Prescription is in the hands of a Minister who will befriend anyone suffering from those evils. Address, Rev. T. INMAN, Stroud, Gloucestershire.
CURED THOUSANDS.
Many send self-addressed stamped envelope to the Rev. David Jones, Llanon, Cardigan, and Prescription will be sent FREE OF CHARGE. Name this Paper.

MARRIED LADIES.
MRS. WHITE has much pleasure in announcing that her REMEDY for restoring Regularity (not medicine or noxious drugs is the only Positive, Certain, and Speedy one known. Sent almost immediately. Ladies interview or write in confidence. Particulars and proofs free on receipt of stamped addressed envelope.
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235 HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

CARTRIDGES.—WARRILOW'S noted Chippenham Fac Killing, with treble strong Powder, superior Rustles Wads, Shot, Caps, &c., all best sizes to order.—Boxes, 2s. 9d.; Blue, 3s.; Green, 3s. 6d.; Long Shot Reds, 7s. 6d. Unequalled Smokeless, reduced Rustles, Shot, Caps, &c., all best sizes to order, 7s. 6d.; Superior, 8s. 6d.; Best, 9s. 6d. Special for Pigeon Shooting, &c., 10s. 6d. These are special terms for Cash with order, and can be had post free. Full list of Cash with order.—Get full particulars free from WARRILOW'S Gun and Cartridge Works, Chippenham, Wilts.

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OLD BANK BUILDINGS,
TAVERN STREET, IPSWICH.
TAILOR AND COLONIAL OUTFITS.
Golfing and Football Costumes.
Outfitter by appointment to the C.T.C., and all the leading Clubs in the County.

FOR HIGH-CLASS CYCLE REPAIRS GO TO
R. STANNARD,
PRACTICAL CYCLE MACHINIST,
STATION ROAD, STOWMARKET.
Several New and Second-hand Safeties, by best makers, at Clearance prices. All warranted genuine machines. Cast iron and gas pipe fixed with traps neither bought nor sold. Awarded 1st prize, Stowmarket Show, 1894.

STEAD AND SIMPSON'S
FOOTBALL BOOTS
ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST THAT ARE MADE.
9 & 11, TAVERN STREET,
IPSWICH.

GEO. KEMP,
ATHLETIC OUTFITTER, 23, ANN STREET.
WAREHOUSE: MARKET LANE, IPSWICH.
FINEST QUALITY FOOTBALLS at Medium Prices: Best Match Balls, 4 sections, 7/6 each; Best Victoria, 8 sections, 8/- each. The MARVEL, cut from one piece of leather, the best ball made for retaining its shape, 9/6 and 10/6.

FOOTBALL NOTES.
[By Half-Back.]
Ipswich Town covered themselves with glory on Saturday last by beating the Norwich C.E.Y.M.S. upon their own enclosure at Earlham Road. I was, I frankly admit, sceptical, but the team was undoubtably, surprised at the result. I will make no lame attempts to explain away or to hide the fact that my forecast of the result was wrong, but, nevertheless, I have very good grounds for my assumption. Twice previously had I accompanied the Ipswich eleven to the Earlham Road enclosure, and on both occasions, if I remember rightly, a defeat has had to be recorded. This, combined with the fact that the Norwich team had been painfully apparent, that the Town men at home is one thing, and the Town men away quite another, gave me strong reason to doubt the ability of the Town to pull the match out of the fire. Again, it must be remembered that the Churchmen were, perhaps, never in better form than at the present time.

Any way, the gallant lads were all there on Saturday, and head their opponents handsomely. It was one of the most exciting and interesting encounters it has been my lot to witness for some time. On the journey out there was a full team, and the enthusiasm which this was very cheering, and the new hands had been well tutored for their business. Kent was back again amongst the forwards, which, of course, strengthened the front rank materially, but Stanley Turner was an absentee, which, of course, was to be regretted. Otherwise the team was the same as that which went to battle on Saturday, and which, as I have said,

SALES BY AUCTION.

By Messrs. SPURLING and SONS.

IPSWICH SALE YARD.
SPURLING and SONS'
SALES BY AUCTION EVERY TUESDAY.
Fat and Store Cattle, Sheep and Swine, Hay, &c., commencing with Store Sheep and Swine at 12 o'clock.
Horses and Dead Stock every Fortnight at 1.30.
Entries solicited, to be sent to the AUCTIONEERS, 81, Princes Street, Ipswich.

TUESDAY NEXT.
IPSWICH SALE YARD.
SPURLING and SONS
Will SELL by AUCTION, at 11.30 punctually,
183 Splendid FAT OXEN, most of which are over yeared, and from the best graziers and old consignors to the Firm. Entries include:—
5 from Capt. Pretyman, Orwell Park.
4 ,, W. Cuthbert Quilter, Esq., M.P.
8 ,, W. N. Waller, E q., Bealings.
10 ,, Mr. J. G. Dawson, Nacton.
23 ,, Mr. S Dawson, Stratton Hall.
13 ,, Mr. R. J. Dawson, Kirton Hall.
21 ,, Mr. B. A. Posford, Falkenham.
25 ,, Mr. J. Symonds, Burgh.
1 ,, Mr. S. T. Harwood, Battisford.
2 ,, Messrs. Alderton and Wrinch, Shotley.
8 ,, Mr. C. E. Wrinch, Preston.
7 ,, Mr. Wm. Long, Wissington.
7 ,, Mr. J. Lone's Exors.
3 ,, Mr. F. J. Robinson, Mendlesham.
8 ,, Mr. Wilkv Noble, Stevkoe.
8 ,, Mr. Wm. Everett, Lavington.
4 ,, Messrs. Eatough and Woolnough, Botley.
5 ,, Mr G. Fiske, Bramford.
1 ,, Mr. W. H. Snell, Creeting.
6 ,, Mr. J. A. Chalmers, Felixstowe.
9 ,, Mr. J. A. Hempson, Erwarton.
3 ,, Mrs George Hempson.
3 ,, Mr. J. A. Lankester, Old Newton.
Also
SHEEP AND SWINE.
Including some grand Southdown, Black-faced, and Half-Breds from His Grace the Duke of Hamilton, K.T., W. Cuthbert Quilter, Esq., M.P., Messrs. Posford, Dawson, Everett, and others.
Every accommodation will be given to purchasers from a distance, and the Auctioneers' drovers will meet all trains on Monday and Tuesday morning.
Sale to commence with the Beasts at 11.30 to the minute, Swine at 12, and Fat Sheep at 2 o'clock.
Further entries respectfully solicited, to be sent to the AUCTIONEERS, 81, Princes Street, Ipswich.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
A CUP VALUE FIVE GUINEAS
Will be given for the best Pair of Fat Beasts, drawn from a consignment of not less than eight, and
A CUP VALUE FIVE GUINEAS
For the best Fat Beast in the Yard.

By Messrs. MOORE, GARRARD & SON.

Under an execution from the sheriff of Suffolk.
COLSEY WOOD FARM, STOKE ASH.
MOORE, GARRARD and SON
Have received instructions to SELL by AUCTION, on TUESDAY NEXT, December 11th, at 11 o'clock punctually,
THE Live and Dead FARMING STOCK, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and other Effects of Mr. Alexander Harvey, including—
3 Useful Cart Mares and Geldings,
Capital Bay Hackney, about 14 h.h.,
Choice Pelied Roan-and-white Cow,
Two harvest waggons, 2 three-quarter load tumbrils, capital lever head rake, 2 Ransome's ploughs, capital chaff cutter, corn and seed drill, 2 gangs iron harrows, weighing machine and weights, root pulper, pig trough, and usual agricultural tools, &c.;
2 STACKS of BARLEY,
the produce of about 14 acres,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.
Catalogues may be had of the AUCTIONEERS, Hoxne, Brundish, and Eye.

MONKS HALL, SYLEHAM, SUFFOLK.
MOORE, GARRARD, and SON
Are favoured with instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. James Read to SELL by AUCTION, without reserve, on MONDAY, 17th December, 1894,
ALL the Live and Dead FARMING STOCK, as used upon the Monks Hall, Parke's, and Gate House Farms (450 acres), comprising
16 CART MARES and GELDINGS,
Chestnut Hackney Mare, quiet to ride and drive,
Bay Pony,
Mule,
40 Head of Swine,
Poultry;
Four harvest carriages, 3 breasted road waggons, 7 tumbrils, spring tumbril, dog-cart, 10 Sweetman's and Ransomes' A Y ditto, best ditto, Bentall's broadshare ditto, double tom ditto, 8 gangs harrows, set of crowns, 3 horse hoes, 3 rolls, 2 horse rakes, 3 drills, 2 chaff-cutters with horse works complete, 3 weighing machines and weights, 2 cake-breakers, 4 root-cutters, 3 corn dressing-machines, Bobby screen, Bamlet's grass-mower, Hornsby's reaper, hay strewer, 11 sets of thillhorse gears, 9 sets cart traces, 10 sets plough traces, set of brunstead and other harness, 17 iron wheel hurdles, 8 corn hutches, 2 corn bins, sack hutch, 80 sacks, 2 nearly new waggon cloths, 25 sheep and pig troughs, 15 bins and mangers, hand tools and effects, also the dairy utensils, lawn-mower, iron roller, garden seats, &c., &c.
Sale to commence at 10 30 exact time.
Catalogues may be obtained of the AUCTIONEERS, Hoxne, Brundish, and Eye.

Situations Vacant.

ALL Classes of Servants seeking situations will do well to apply to Superintendent, Orphanage, Elm Grove, Wimbledon, Surrey.

MONEWDEN School.—Mistress wanted for small village school at Christmas.—Address, Rev. C. A. Sinclair, Monewden Rectory, Wickham Market.

WANTED.—Nurse; two children, aged 5 and 6; one who has been under-nurse preferred.—Mrs. B. Alva, Salisbury Road, Brondesbury, London, N.W.

Situations Wanted.

A S Coachman, thoroughly experienced; age 22; single or pair; can take entire charge; good references.—Apply, George Heavywood, Great Harrowden Hall, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire.

BAILIFF, experienced in Farming and Management of Stock, seeks an appointment; good references.—Address, C.W., 1, Oxford Terrace, Cambridge.

PRACTICAL Housekeeper—Re-engagement required by Widow Lady, without encumbrance; economical manager; excellent cook; understands nursing; good references.—Address, M. O., 1, Cambridge Street, Norwich.

Land. Houses. &c.

GRASS FARMS, ARABLE FARMS, ESTATES —Rent, from 5s. Acre; prices from £7 Acre Monthly List, 1,500 Farms, 2d.—Rutters, 5, New Bridge Street, London.

For Sale.

BEAM Scales and Weights, 5cz. to 7lbs., 25s.; large Sausage Machine, 25s., suit butcher.—Hasleton, Dog's Head Street, Ipswich.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE—Bargains. To clear before Stocktaking :—130 guinea new Brougham, best throughout, for 110 guineas; 90 guinea reliable second-hand Victoria for 30 guineas; 120 guinea new headed Waggonette for 100 guineas; 80 guinea new Stanhope Waggonette for 60 guineas; 40 guinea reliable second-hand Stanhope Phaeton for 30 guineas; 40 guinea reliable second-hand Stanhope Waggonette for 30 guineas; 35 guinea reliable second-hand Pariesian Phaeton for 28 guineas; 32 guinea new cob-size Bathlecon Car, in varnished wood, for 29 guineas; 25 guinea new pony-size Governess Car for 22 guineas; 25 guinea nearly new, full-size Rustic Cart for 22 guineas; 40 guinea new, stylish, full-size Whitechapel Cart for 35 guineas; 33 guinea new cob-size Stanhope Gig for 28 guineas; 45 guinea reliable second-hand full-size Waggonette, with moveable head, for 35 guineas; 45 guinea reliable second-hand one horse Canoe Landau for 35 guineas; 25 guinea reliable second-hand cob-size Doctor's Gig for 22 guineas.— Bennett's Carriage Works, Fore Street, Ipswich.

GREAT BARGAINS.—Very fine American Organ, in walnut case, seven stops, price £8 15s.; fine-tone Pianoforte, £10 10s.; fine old Walnut Bureau; very superior Mahogany Chest of Drawers; several good Dining Tables; Saddle Bag and Leather Suites.—Jeffrey, Old Corner Shop, Queen and Friar's Streets, Ipswich.

GALVANISED CORRUGATED ROOFING SHEETS.
Stock of slightly defective Sheets, practically as good as new, 6ft. by 27in., at 1s. 2d. each, other sizes in proportion. Dutch Barns, 40 yards by 9 yards, 50s. per lineal yard, fixed complete. Estimates for Iron Roofs, Fencing, Hurdles, etc. Galvanized Wire Netting.—Walker Bros., Staffordshire Galvanizing Works, Walsall.

HAY! Hay! Straw.—J. Kosvil, Brixton Granaries, S.W. (Established 1834), is cash buyer of above, any quantity. Presses, saving third rail rate, lent; 1,000 horses fed daily. Bankers, London and County. Old Oats, 304lbs. on rail 13s.; bran 65s. ton.

PIANOFORTE.—Iron Frame Cottage, Full-compass (second hand). Best maker and good as new. Cost £30; Cash £14, or 15s. a month.—Daniels, Dial Lane, Ipswich.

FIREWOOD! FIREWOOD!! FIREWOOD!!!
RED DEAL BALTIC FIREWOOD, cut under cover and always dry.
50,000 Bundles now ready for immediate delivery. Large Bundles, 5s. 6d. per 100; Small Bundles, 2s. 9d. per 100. Special quotations for Large Quantities. About 500 Bushels of Deal Chimnps and Chip Wood, at 6d. and 5d. per bushel.—The Baltic Firewood Co., Crannis and Co. Wholesale Depôt and Offices: St. Margaret's Green, Ipswich.

TO Engine Owners and Contractors.—For Sale, a first-class 8-horse gear Traction Engine by Holmes (Son, Norwich (modern type, and in very economical). It is fitted with two speeds, compensating gear, hauling drum and wire rope, water-lifter and heater. Is now in thorough repair. The fire-box is the best and of the best Low Moor Iron, is thickly studded with stays; the tube plate is securely held by a strong tubular stay. The boiler is very strong—the shell plates are 7-16ths in thickness. The road wheels are wrought iron and steel shod. The cylinder has been re-bored and slides re-surfaced; all the bearings are massive and are scarcely worn. The boiler has been re-lagged with wood and cased with sheet iron. The engine is neatly painted and varnished, and is now ready for work.—Apply, E. Youngs and Co., The Waveney Iron Works, Diss.

Business Cards.

ASK for Wootton's Cure for Corns.—Outer Depôt 7, Tavern Street, Ipswich.

AN Unrivalled Remedy.—Shaving made a luxury. A no more blunt razors; use Orvis's Magic Razor Strop Paste; its effect is marvellous. Razors never want grinding. Price 6d. and 1s. per Box, by post 7d. and 1s. 1d.—Sole Proprietor, J. Green, Hairdresser, Back Post Office, Ipswich.

ADDISON'S SEEDS for the Flower Garden, Kitchen Garden, and Farm. A large variety of all kinds of Seeds always in stock.—Eagle Street, Orwell Place, Ipswich.

A One-Man Cross-cut Saw 4s., sent free 4s. 6d., warranted fastest cutting saw for buildings and green wood; Cross-cut Saws, 7s. 6d.; 4ft. 8s.; 5ft., 9s.; Hand Saws, warranted, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 4s. 3d. —Kenyon and Trott, Princes Street, Ipswich.

BILLIARDS or Bagatelles.—All those requiring New or Secondhand Tables, Requisites, or Billiard Work done should, before going elsewhere, send for new price list, cloths and rubber cushion samples, to Hemlie Bros., 19, High Street, Bloomsbury, London, W.C. Est. 1862

BOOKBINDING.—PHILLIPS, of Friars'-street, Ipswich, for General Bookbinding. Account Books made to order

CHRISTMAS Cards, earliest impressions. Christmas Cards, greatest variety. Christmas Cards sent on approval to all parts. Christmas Cards printed with customers' names. Christmas Card Showrooms at the noted Christmas Card Depôt, S. Smith and Smith, "Suit-all," Ipswich.

"ECZEMA," a little Book on Skin Troubles, sent gratis and post free by the Antecema Co., 83, Castle Road, London, N.W.

EDWARD BEARD registers Houses and Property to be Sold or Let free of charge. Pursons seeking Residences, &c., should see Beard's list and consult him about what is available to best meet their requirements. Household Removals in pantechnicon vans, taking risk, at lowest rates; estimates free.—Beard (from Beard and Co.), Reliable Horse Furnisher, 3 and 5a, King Street, and 28, Butter Market, Ipswich.

GOBEY'S is the Noted House for Home-cured Hams and Bacon, Genuine Pork Sausages and Potted Meats, 47 and 49, Norwich Road, Ipswich.

IF you have not yet done so, get your Clothing of D. Gunn and Co., Tailors, 2, Dial Lane, Ipswich. The best value in the trade for cash.

J. E. Stammers and Son, House Furnishers, 8, 10, and 12, Tacket Street, Ipswich. Furniture of every description; Pianos, American Organs, Perambulators, and Mail Carts, at lowest prices for cash, or supplied on payment of Deposit and easy Instalments. Second-hand Furniture bought for cash, or exchanged for New.

MAGIC Lanterns and Slides for hire.—Wiggin and Son, 34, St. Matthew's, Ipswich.

MARRIED Ladies.—Information of Priceless Value (Free); send stamped envelop.—Mrs. Lawrence, 4, Bradley Street, Shefield. (Name this paper.)

MARCHANT'S celebrated Pig Powder, unequalled for all pig ailments; 1 lb. 1s., 14 lbs. 12s.—W. Hudson, Chemist & Druggist, St. Nicholas, Ipswich.

MRS. A. Cook, purchaser of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's Wardrobes, 62, Upper Orwell Street, Ipswich. Clients waited upon at their own residences either in Town or Country. Furniture and Table Linen bought. Remittances forwarded on receipt of goods.

OETON'S Blended Lamp Oil is still taking the lead; give it a trial.—To be obtained at St. Lawrence Street, and A1, Norwich Road, Ipswich.

PIANOFORTES.—Constant supply of instruments by best makers, various prices; sale or hire.—Christie, 95, Fore Street, Ipswich.

AT BOLWOOD'S,
The Ipswich Carriage Show Rooms,
Carr Street,
"QUEEN" Gold Medal BROUGHAMS, and variety of first-class new and second-hand Carriages.—Works, Woodbridge Road.

TEA from 10d. to 2s. 4d. per lb.; no bonus nonsense; paper not weighed; no deception of any kind; try our 1s. 4d.—West End Tea Stores, 7, Norwich Road, Ipswich.

TO Executors.—Old Gold, Old Plate, Old Jewellery. Highest prices given; valuations for probate or family division.—E. D. and J. B. Fraser, Museum Street Buildings, Ipswich.

WANTED, intending purchasers to inspect our Stock; it is large and varied, bought in the best markets, sold at reasonable profits; Tin, Iron, and Copper Ware a specialty; Galvanised and Enamelled Ware; Travelling Trunks; Bird Cages, Garden Lines, Household Ironmongery, Brushes and Brooms, Baskets, Mats, Glass and Earthenware, some special lines in this department; Old Stores.—Note address—E. C. Ribbans, 114, 115, 117, Fore Street.

£20.—TOBACCONISTS Commencing. See Illd. Guide (260 pages), 3½., "How to open a Cigar Store from £20 to £200."—Tobacconist Outfitting Co. (Reg.), 186, Euston Road, London. Manager, Henry Myers. Established 1866. N.B.—Shop Fitters and Show Case Makers for all trades. Estimates Free.

5,000 Mainsprings, 2s. 6d. All warranted one year. Watches can be sent by post or rail. Jewellery Repairs equally cheap, and done on the premises.—Candler, Watchmaker, 10, Carr Street, Ipswich.

Miscellaneous.

IMPORTANT to Farmers, Timber Merchants, and Others.—Wanted to purchase any quantity of Willow Trees or Bat Cleits for cash; must be first-class quality and suitable for cricket bat making.—Apply, Box 205, this Office.

MARRIED Medical Man at seaside town receives two invalids or convalescents; returns according to requirements.—Address, M.D., *Ipswich Journal* Office.

MATRIMONY.—Young lady, orphan, daughter of a wealthy tradesman (fortune in her own right), wishes to marry a respectable, refined gentleman (bachelor or widower) of agreeable and affectionate disposition. Honourable secrecy expected.—Address, Miss Nellie, 83, Grosvenor Street, London, W.

WANTED.—Good clean Oats, Stover, Wheat Straw, and Beet. Samples (Stover and Straw not less than half truss or bundle), with price and quantity for sale, to be sent in by Tuesday, December 11th.—Geo. Nunn, Authority's Yard, Foley Street, Ipswich.

TO PARISH CLERKS AND OTHERS.
KINGSMILL.—A reward of £2 will be paid by the undersigned for each of the following certificates, or for information which will enable the same to be obtained:—MARRIAGE of John Kingsmill (soldier) and Frances Coleman about 1780, probably at Ipswich or Norwich. BAPTISMS of their children John Kingsmill, about 1801, probably at Ipswich; William Kingsmill, about 1802, probably at Brighton; Sarah Kingsmill, about 1803, probably at Ipswich; Ann Kingsmill, about 1810, at Dundalk, in Ireland; George Kingsmill, about 1811, and Thomas Kingsmill, about 1818. DEATH of John Kingsmill, the son, who was in the army, and is believed to have died in India. MARRIAGE of the above-named William Kingsmill and Plowman, probably at Norwich, about 1821.
LEWIN & Co.,
32, Southampton Street, Strand,
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WOODBRIDGE GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
EDUCATION OF THE HIGHEST CLASS,
Both General and Scientific,
At a very moderate cost.
MANY VALUABLE SCHOLARSHIPS.
TWO EXHIBITIONS of £50 a-year for 3 years offered annually for a University or place of Higher Education.
NUMEROUS successes at Universities and elsewhere.
Apply to the Rev. Dr. WOOD.

CHRISTMAS. 1894.
SAWER'S
NOTED HOME-MADE MINCEMEAT, 1/- per lb
SAWER'S
NOTED PLUMS, CURRANTS, SULTANAS, AND PEELS.
SAWER'S
NOTED STORES FOR ORANGES, NUTS, DATES, FIGS, FRENCH PLUMS, METZ FRUITS.
PROVISIONS OF THE CHOICEST QUALITY.
OUR PRICES AND QUALITY CANNOT BE BEATEN.
REAL CHRISTMAS FARE.
SEE WINDOWS.
28, NORWICH ROAD,
CORNER OFFORD STREET, also at No. 45,
IPSWICH.

Please don't forget the old-established House.
17, QUEEN STREET.
COME AND SEE
CHURCHYARD'S
GRAND SHOW OF
POULTRY, GAME,
AND
WILD FOWL.
Of Every Description and Prime Quality.
NOTE THE ADDRESS—
17, QUEEN STREET
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BRAND AND SONS'
GRAND XMAS. BAZAAR
IS NOW OPEN.
SUITABLE PRESENTS FOR YOUNG AND OLD.
TOYS AND GAMES IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
MOST RECENT NOVELTIES IN MAGIC PROFUSION.

Ladies wishing to secure some of the most Unique and
RECENT NOVELTIES
FOR
CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS
Should take the earliest opportunity of inspecting our
BAZAAR,
AS THE NOVELTIES ARE MOVING WITH
LIGHTNING SPEED.
When once sold out it will be impossible to get another delivery in time for the
CHRISTMAS TRADE.
BRAND AND SONS,
DIRECT FANCY GOODS IMPORTERS,
TACKET STREET, IPSWICH.

THE FOLLOWING ARE MOST ACCEPTABLE TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AS XMAS PRESENTS.

A Good STILTON CHEESE, say ... 12/6
A Best HAM, say ... 10/-
A 3lb. Tin of WALLA GALLA TEA..... 5/6
A 4lb Box of CRYSTALLIZED FRUIT 5/-
A 2lb. Box of CRYSTALLIZED FRUIT 2/6
A 1lb. Box of CRYSTALLIZED FRUIT 1/6
A 3 lb. Box of ELVAS PLUMS 5/-
A 2 lb. Box of ELVAS PLUMS 3/4
A 1 lb. Box of ELVAS PLUMS 1/8
A Box of CARLSBAD PLUMS ... 1/10½
A 4 lb. Bottle of FRENCH PLUMS 4/-
A 2 lb. Bottle of FRENCH PLUMS 2/3
A 6 lb. Jar of CHINA GINGER 2/3
A 3 lb. Jar of CHINA GINGER 1/3
A Layer of Best MUSCATELS, say 6/-
A 4 lb. Box of Best PULLED FIGS 3/-
A Box of Best SCOTCH SHORTBREAD 2/3
A Fancy Box of READING BISCUITS 2/6
A Fancy Box of READING BISCUITS 2/-
A READING ICED CAKE..... 2/6
A READING ICED CAKE 1/4½
A Fancy Box of CHOCOLATES 2/3
A Fancy Box of CHOCOLATE.. 1/-
A Box of COSAQUES 2/6
A Box of COSAQUES 1/-
A single one of the numberless NICNACS, from 3d. to 10/-
Sold by
WM. BENNETT,
16, TAVERN STREET, IPSWICH.

R. SEAGER,
LIBERAL CARRIAGE ARRANGEMENTS.
IPSWICH.

LEFT OFF CLOTHES.
Ladies' & Gentlemens Wearing Apparel of all kinds, including
LINEN, CLOTHING, BOOTS, &c., purchased at HIGHEST PRICES
BY
Mrs. W. ROBERTS,
56, UPPER ORWELL STREET, IPSWICH
Mrs. Roberts will remit same day for country parcel received. Ladies can also have Mrs. Roberts' personal attendance if desired.

NOTICE.
BOBY AND JANNINGS,
PRACTICAL AND CONSULTING
OPTICIANS,
Established 65 Years,
CORNHILL, IPSWICH,
ARE SOLE AGENTS
FOR THE NEW PATENT
"SPECTALETTE"
Combines the comfort of spectacles with the convenience of Pince Nez, a luxury to wear.
SPECTACLES,
The Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the Eastern Counties. All the Newest Styles and Improvements in Steel, Nickel, Silver, Gold, and Gold-Plated.
Specially adapted to suit any Sight, 1s. to 63s.
CONSULTATION FREE.
PINCE NEZ,
All the new Patterns in Nickel, Tortoiseshell, Gold, and Gold-Plated, from 1s. to 63s.
THE NEW MOVILETTE PINCE NEZ.
THE LONG-HANDLE LORGNETTES.
OPERA GLASSES AND
FIELD GLASSES,
In Leather, Morocco, Lizard, Crocodile, Ivory, Mother-of-Pearl, &c., 7s. 6d. to £6 6s.

CHRISTMAS, 1894.
We have made arrangements for an ample supply of our Noted Specialities, and solicit the patronage of the Public for
Seager's Noted Suffolk Hams, Unsurpassed for excellence of quality and flavour. We have already sent out some hundreds for the Christmas trade.
Seager's "Ipswich" Pork Sausages. The Board of Trade has yet to say of what Pork Sausages should consist. We warrant ours to be made solely of finest meat and spice.
Seager's "Ipswich" Potted Meats. Beef, Ham, Savoury, Are without a rival for exquisite flavour. Nothing of the kind cheaper or nicer.
Seager's Pure Home-Made Lard. This genuine article should be used by all housekeepers who wish to make good, wholesome pastry. Best is cheapest.
Seager's "Ipswich" Collard Head. In tins about 1½lbs. nett. Re-melted and put into your own moulds, with a little chopped parsley and hard boiled eggs, makes a delightfully tasty supper dish.

COALS.
BEST WALLSEND 26/-
B. & M.'S SELECTED SILKSTONES 24/-
SILKSTONES 23/-
BEST HOUSE NUTS 22/-
RIDDINGS BEST HOUSE..... 22/-
(Excellent for general purposes).
DERBYSHIRE BRIGHTS..... 21/-
CARR'S LEA 20/-
Discount 1/- per ton for Cash.
Truck Loads specially quoted for.
BOOTH AND MITCHELL.
HEAD OFFICE:
KING ST., BUTTER MARKET, IPSWICH.
Telephone: No. 67.

M. A. CULLWICK,
18 & 20, BUTTER MARKET,
IPSWICH,
HAS A CHOICE SELECTION
OF
XMAS PRESENTS,
CARDS,
AND
DOLLS.
Established upwards of a Quarter of a Century.
TO BE GIVEN AWAY!
XMAS PRESENTS
FOR ALL.
C. H. CROYDON
Has great pleasure in announcing that in consequence of the great success and appreciation of his "Xmas Presents for All" during the last FOUR YEARS, he intends again presenting every purchaser during the Xmas Season with a *Bona Fide*
CHRISTMAS PRESENT,
Consisting of
SOLID GOLD & SILVER ALBERTS,
BROOCHES, EARRINGS, LOCKETS, &c.,
Half-dozen ELECTRO-PLATED TEA SPOONS,
Also BUTTER KNIVES, SUGAR TONGS,
JAM SPADES, &c.
Each Purchaser will receive one of the above presents according to the value of the Purchase.
A SOLID SILVER CHAIN WILL BE GIVEN with every
SILVER WATCH SOLD THIS XMAS.
SPECIAL
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
Will be given to each Purchaser of his Celebrated GUINEA GOLD WEDDING RINGS
AND KEEPERS.
"Ring marriage bells and gladly sing
In praise of Croydon's Wedding Ring."
CROYDON'S
WATCHES AND CLOCKS
ARE WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS,
And readily Exchanged if not approved (within Six Months).
DON'T be MISLED by Low QUOTED PRICES. QUALITY is the TEST of CHEAPNESS.
NO LOW PRICE COMMON GOODS KEPT.
CROYDON'S
WATCH, CLOCK, & JEWELLERY DEPOT,
TAVERN STREET, IPSWICH,
VICTORIA PARADE, FELIXSTOWE,
AND
15A, ST. BOTOLPH ST., COLCHESTER.

IPSWICH
LOAN & DEPOSIT
BANK.
MESSRS. R. D. & J. B. FRASER.
(Established) 1833.
CASH ADVANCED
From £2 upwards, upon Silver, Plate, Jewellery, Diamonds, Watches, Pianos, Life Policies, Stocks, Furniture, Houses, Deeds, Building Society Scrip and Books, Reversionary interests, and approved Personal Security, &c.
Low Rates charged for temporary loans.
MONEY MAY BE DEPOSITED
In any sum above £2, bearing interest at the rate of 4 % per annum, and the same may be withdrawn at any time without notice.
IPSWICH LOAN & DEPOSIT BANK,
MESSRS. R. D. & J. B. FRASER,
17, ELM STREET,
OFF MUSEUM STREET,
IPSWICH.

MORNAY'S SYRUP.
THE most extraordinary Medicine ever discovered for the cure of
WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PNEUMONIA, PLEURISY,
and all other Catarrhal Affections of the Lungs and Air Tubes.
MORNAY'S SYRUP.
ON account of the great success of this wonderful remedy, the Proprietor has been induced to bring it more generally before the public. During the last five years, Thousands of Cases of Whooping Cough have been treated by it with the most unvarying and complete success, not one death occurring; cure being completed, on an average, in Three Weeks. The cases of inflammation of the Lungs and Air Tubes successfully treated by this remedy are almost numberless. In Croup it is unfailing, if taken in time, for Croup, when neglected, soon becomes incurable.
COMMON COLDS ARE CURED by Two or Three Doses of
MORNAY'S SYRUP.
Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. each, by all Chemists.
LONDON DEPOT—2, WINSLEY STREET, OXFORD STREET.

"OLD LINEN TO LOOK LIKE NEW."
THE ROYAL WINDSOR
LINEN GLOSS
SOLE MANUFACTURER—
A. S. NEWMAN,
7, Dyer's Buildings, Holborn
LONDON.
Sold by Chemists, Grocers, and Oilmen in 1d. Packets, and 3d. and 6d. Boxes.

CROSS's
37 and 39, TAVERN STREET,
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APRONS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. A display really worth a visit.
OUR GREAT SPECIALITY AT THIS SEASON
THE LARGEST, NEWEST, AND CHEAPEST STOCK IN EAST ANGLIA
OF
WHITE LAWN APRONS,
From 6½d. to 2/11½.
Upwards of 50 Different Patterns, all perfectly fresh and new, and including every variety and style produced by the best makers.
HOLLAND, GINGHAM, SATEEN,
AND ALL KINDS OF
FANCY APRONS.
SEE WINDOWS AND SHOW-ROOM.
The Latest Productions in MOB CAPS, with or without streamers, 1½d. to 1s. 0½d.
An Unrivalled Display.
CROSS's
IPSWICH.
MANY TONS
OF
TOBACCO
AND
HUNDREDS OF BOXES
OF
CIGARS
Are Manufactured and sent out EVERY WEEK
BY
W. A. & A. C. CHURCHMAN,
IPSWICH.
CHURCHMAN'S TOBACCOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
ESTABLISHED 1790.
PURE SCOTCH OATMEAL,
DIRECT FROM SCOTLAND,
PER 28s. 6d. STONE.
Finest Quality.
J. PRATT & CO.,
69 & 71 ST. MATTHEW'S STREET,
IPSWICH:
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
NO FEES. MONEY STRICTLY PRIVATE.
LENT FROM
£2 TO £500
A TA FEW HOURS' NOTICE to Professional and Private Gentlemen, Tradesmen, Farmers, Cowkeepers, Lodging-House Keepers (Male or Female), and others. ADVANCES made upon BORROWER'S OWN NOTE OF HAND, without any SURETIES, BONDSMEN, or PUBLICITY. NO FEES of any description charged. No DEDUCTIONS. No genuine application ever refused.
REPAYMENTS by arrangement, honourable and straightforward business guaranteed. TRADE BILLS discounted. DISTANCE no objection. Prospectus free.
Apply personally, or by letter, the Manager, Bedfordshire Loan Company, 90, Princes Street, Ipswich, Office open at Ipswich on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS from 12 to 6. Head Office, 9, Castle Lane, Bedford.
FROM
DECEMBER 3rd
TO
DECEMBER 15th,
MESSRS. ARMOUR & Co.
WILL GIVE AWAY
A CUP OF BEEF TEA
MADE FROM THEIR FAMOUS EXTRACT OF MEAT
TO ANYONE WHO GOES TO
WM. BENNETT,
FAMILY GROCER.
16, TAVERN STREET,
IPSWICH.
ESTABLISHED 1868. *Old Bank Buildings, Ipswich.*
W. DAMANT,
BEGS to intimate that he has completed his arrangements for the present Season, and solicits the favour of a call.
A Perfect Fit in every case Guaranteed.
SPECIALITIES.
Dress Suits from.....£4 4s. 0d.
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Trousers from .....£0 18s. 6d.
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN OUTFITS.
UNIFORMS.
LIVERIES. LADIES' JACKETS.
5 per Cent. Cash Discount.

The Ipswich Journal
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8.

RADICALS OF AGRICULTURAL DIVISIONS.

Up to the present moment it would be hard for any agriculturist to persuade himself that he would be in the least benefited by Home Rule or the abolition of the House of Lords, or even by "one-man-one-vote." What he wants is a solid reduction of local taxation, and especially that personal property should be made equally liable with land for the payment of the poor-rate. If the whole mass of members for rural constituencies, on both sides of the House, would join in putting pressure to this end on the Government, something very tangible could be done. Unfortunately the Radicals who represent agricultural divisions are, as a rule, entirely out of touch with men like Mr. CHAPLIN and Mr. WALTER LONG, and prefer their own narrow partisan shibboleths to the good of the country. The Land-tax might very well be applied to the relief of the burdens upon land, and the application of such a fund to such an object ought to raise but little objection. Upon the question of agricultural tenure much evidence has been given before the Royal Commission, and the Central Chamber of Agriculture has drafted amendments to the Agricultural Holdings Act which will in all probability pass into law at no distant date. But all the best authorities are agreed in thinking that in the face of the present fall of prices all questions of tenure are of infinitesimal importance. The conditions of leases and the payment of rent in good times are never much thought of; it is only in times of depression that such questions crop up and are seized upon by politicians like Mr. CHANNING as a means of posing as friends of the farmer. Agriculturists made money long before there was any Agricultural Holdings Act, and if prices rose twenty per cent. to-morrow, very little would be heard of the tenure question. There is another question, however, which is fast coming to the front, and that is the currency question and its effects upon trade and agriculture. Upon this complex question much interesting evidence has been given before the Agricultural Commissioners. The advocates of bi-metallism say that there can be no return of commercial and agricultural prosperity until silver is made legal-tender money equally with gold; and they ask for an international conference for the purpose of settling some world-wide arrangement in this direction. They allege that the present fall in prices is due mainly to the change which has taken place, not in production, nor in commodities, but in the value of money itself. It is needless to point out what a far-reaching suggestion this is. Before 1873 the whole world practically used gold and silver as legal-tender money. England, alone as the great creditor nation, possessed a gold standard only. The bimetallic system was abandoned on the Continent and in America in 1873, and it is certainly a remarkable and curious coincidence, that ever since the change in the currency laws of the world of that year, we have been gradually suffering more and more from depression in agriculture and all other industries. The subject is one which must be examined fairly and on its merits, and it has this advantage, at present, that it lies somewhat outside the lines of party warfare.

A County Court at Felixstowe.

How is that the Felixstowe people are allowing the movement for County Court sittings at Felixstowe to drop? We have the best reason for believing that if they persevered in their effort they would succeed, and the convenience would be a great one.

The descriptive article on Melton *Melton Asylum.* Asylum appearing in another column will be found to contain a large amount of information concerning a place about which very little is generally known. It shows that, with its latest additions, and the many improvements gradually effected in the buildings, the Institution takes rank as one of the best appointed in the Kingdom, and certainly the best in the Eastern Counties. The work entails an immense amount of thought and care on the part of the Superintendent and his staff, but it brings its own reward in the increased comfort of the patients and the large percentage of recoveries. The tone was excellent and it was evident that the inmates appreciate the kindness with which they are treated, and the varied efforts made to alleviate their distress. That the expense is considerable, and must from time to time increase, is, of course, obvious, but enquiry demonstrates that it is not wasteful, and the course adopted is both humane, and pays in the long run.

The Parish Councils.

The provisions of the "Charter of Freedom" were put into operation this week in the 7,000 and odd parishes of England, and judging by the reports to hand from Suffolk and the adjacent counties it is to be feared that the Local Government Act of 1894 is already seriously troubling the agricultural labourer. Any improvement in the first pursuing the Act sometime ago was that it would puzzle even a Philadelphia lawyer, and as time went on the serious conflicts of opinion among the legal fraternity as to think that poor Hodge would be thoroughly beaten in his efforts to understand the Act. A letter from Mr. F. S. Corrance in another column details a large number of illegalities that took place at a meeting at Framlingham on Tuesday night. It is regrettable that such a meeting should have occurred, and that the feeling exhibited

THE AGRICULTURAL SITUATION.

Next week the Smithfield Show will bring the most representative men of the agricultural community to London, when there will be numerous opportunities of discussing the condition of agriculture. The situation is, indeed, worse than ever, save, perhaps, in the North of England, where peculiar conditions and the

should have compelled Mr. Corrance to arrive at the conclusions he has. There is no doubt that, if Mr. Corrance is not wrongly informed, real peril is to be apprehended from a totally one-sided Council as the one he alleges has been wrongfully elected for Framlingham. However, if a deplorable blunder has been made the corrective is only made the more sure thereby. On the whole a creditable spirit has prevailed, and we think that in the majority of the Councils there is an adequate representation of the various interests. They know the Councils who know and realise the extent of local resources. There have been attempts, it is true, in some parishes—notably in the case of Yaxley—to pack the Council with "faddists," but the success of the electoral company without greater expense. Such is the burden of his remarks on the question of the District Councils. Now this is all quite superfluous. Mr. Wilson must know, or he ought to know, that it has been the law of the land for many years past that married couples of 60 years of age and upwards, who unfortunately have to seek the shelter of the workhouse, can, at their separate quarters for themselves. He ought also to be aware of the fact that such quarters are provided at nearly every workhouse in the land, and where they do not exist the Guardians are bound to provide them on application. They have no option in the matter. Is it fair to the agriculturer labourers to mislead them in this fashion? I presume the object Mr. Wilson has in view is to catch votes, but would he dare to write as he does if he had a precious paper advocating such legislation? I hardly think he would, because, as I have said, an Act was passed by a Conservative Government providing for the comfort of aged people in the manner suggested by Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson v. Kenninghall.

A correspondent writes:—Mr. F. W. Wilson, proprietor of an Ipswich paper, is a candidate for Kenninghall. Mid-Norfolk, attended a meeting at Kenninghall—a place only a few miles from the borders of Suffolk—on Monday evening, and in a speech full of the usual claptrap of the worst kind, he made a remark which one would hardly have expected would have dropped from a well-informed journalist. But as it is probable that Mr. Wilson wrote the report of his speech himself, I cannot lay the blame at the door of the reporter. Referring to the question of the election of district councillers, Mr. Wilson urged that the right sort of men—men who were humane and who would not support a system of separating a man and wife at the workhouse door—should be elected. He certainly believed that those old people could be made more comfortable in mutual company without greater expense. Such is the burden of his remarks on the question of the District Councils. Now this is all quite superfluous. Mr. Wilson must know, or he ought to know, that it has been the law of the land for many years past that married couples of 60 years of age and upwards, who unfortunately have to seek the shelter of the workhouse, can, at their separate quarters for themselves. He ought also to be aware of the fact that such quarters are provided at nearly every workhouse in the land, and where they do not exist the Guardians are bound to provide them on application. They have no option in the matter. Is it fair to the agriculturer labourers to mislead them in this fashion? I presume the object Mr. Wilson has in view is to catch votes, but would he dare to write as he does if he had a precious paper advocating such legislation? I hardly think he would, because, as I have said, an Act was passed by a Conservative Government providing for the comfort of aged people in the manner suggested by Mr. Wilson.

G.E.R. incidents.

Someone has said that attention to detail is one of the essentials to success in life; and the truth of this remark is recently had a somewhat

amusing exemplification. A lady who had booked from Felixstowe to Liverpo.l Street Station, London, on arrival at Ipswich asked to be put into the Liverpool train. On reaching Clayton she was startled to discover that she had not previously passed through that station, and a fellow-passenger discovering that London and not Liverpool was her destination, the lady got out and changed trains before very much inconvenience had been sustained. It is to be hoped that the well known carelessness of a certain class of railway travellers was seen in a gentleman who, a few days ago, applied at the Ipswich booking-office for a ticket for Cockfield. The booking-clerk, of course, issued a ticket for Cockfield, near Bury St. Edmunds. Imagine the passenger's surprise when, reaching Bury, he discovered that he had omitted to tell the clerk he wanted to go to Cockfield, near Durham, in the North of England!

League of Pity.

The children's charter which the Rev. Benj. Waugh has so effectually worked to establish, is now recognised to the fullest, and people of all shades of religious and political thought are ready to help the hands in a work which has already proved a boon and a blessing to thousands of poor, neglected, and ill-treated children in this country. It is satisfactory to find that the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and its kindred Society, the League of Pity, have attracted strong support in Ipswich, by the aid of which a vast amount of useful and necessary work has already been accomplished. The latest example of the local auxiliary of the League of Pity's labours is seen this week in a pretty little bazaar which was held in the Town Hall on Tuesday, when between £30 and £40 was raised towards the clothing, feeding, and housing the poor little Arabs which are frequently seen about our streets. Ladies who have the means at their disposal cannot invest them in a better cause; while the League is an organisation for creating out of the rising generation philanthropists and social reformers for the future.

Farm Wages.

A great outcry was made recently that in many parts of Wiltshire farm labourers were only receiving the miserable pittance of 12s. a week, which we may say is the standard wage in many Suffolk parishes. The incredulity of a correspondent in the Wilton district led him to investigate the matter, with the result that he has discovered that the wages of the whole of agricultural labourers in Wiltshire are far in excess of that paid to the labourers in East Anglia. In very few cases are the men in the neighbourhood of Wilton paid less than 12s. per week; while on some estates the pay is hard and even regularly increased to more than 16s. per week. Suffolk labourers may well envy the labourers in Wilts, especially when it is added by this correspondent that nothing in the nature of destitution prevails in that county, and that the village shops are many of them even small holdings upon which they have built their own houses.

Cattle Restrictions Withdrawn.

Suffolk agriculturists may still look with hope to their prospects at the great Christmas stock sales, which begin next week. There has been no further extension of the outbreak of

foot-and-mouth disease from either of the infected areas. At Sittingbourne the sheep were slaughtered immediately, whilst the animals infected at Linton in Cambs, were easily isolated, and have now recovered. Yesterday the Chief Constable of Suffolk (Major Leigh-Bennet) received a telegram from a member of the Board of Agriculture, intimating that the foot-and-mouth disease order had been removed, except at Linton, Cambs, and Sittingbourne in Kent. This will also provide freedom of movement for cattle in the present restricted counties and districts, and will free the Metropolitan Cattle Market on Monday next, the forthcoming Smithfield Club Fat Stock Show; and give confidence to the consigners of fat stock to the "world." There will be held in London on Monday, December 17th. The announcement will be received by exhibitors and feeders of stock with much gratification.

Boys' Brigade.

That was a very high compliment indeed which Lieut.-Col. Packard on Monday evening paid the boys of the 1st Ipswich Company (St. Clement's) of the Church Lads' Brigade, when, after witnessing the boys' manœuvres, said their performance was such as would do credit to any body of soldiers or volunteers who had only had a similar amount of training. The Lieut.-Colonel, who is the commanding officere of the Company, who appear to take a thoroughly practical interest in the boys and youths under their care. But the objects of the Church Lads' Brigade deserve to meet with the support and the appreciation of parents. Many people run away with the idea that the aim of the promoters is to train boys for the army. This is not so. All that the numerous clergy who have taken up the movement seek to achieve is to make of the boys of the present day models of cleanliness, tidiness, self-respect, discipline, and physical development are all that is sought to be inculcated, and though the Church Lads' Brigade is still in its infancy, it has been the means of rescuing many a lad who would say, from the streets and the correlative evils which follow the practice of loafing about the public thoroughfares.

Lowestoft Schools.

It is sincerely to be hoped that the discussion initiated at Lowestoft School Board on Monday evening does not portend a miniature London

School Board controversy on the subject of religious instruction. Mr. Chamberlain's amendment (we do not know what called forth their action) recommended that the Bible be read in the Board Schools, and instruction given in the principles of morality and religion as is united to the practice of both of the law-makers. An attempt be made to attach children to any particular denomination. One member thereupon suggested the addition of the word "Christian" before "religion," but to this the Rev. Miller Hamilton very properly objected, arguing that he would make a distinction where none was required. Ever since the compromise of 1870, the word "religion" had had only one meaning, and why, asked the rev. gentleman, should they drag in the tail end of a discussion which had long since been settled when it was totally unnecessary? The Rev. C. Tregenna strongly contested the point in favour of the word "Christian" being inserted. The term "religion" by no means conveyed the idea of the broad Christian religion, and for members of a School Board to cavil over such a small matter—that is, of course, if they have a genuine desire to carry out the spirit of the Education Act in relation to this phase of the school curriculum—was, to say the least, rather small. However, the Lowestoft School Board have referred the question back to the committee, where it is to be hoped the contending sections will amicably settle their differences.

Blackmail

Are elementary school teachers the victims of blackmail? The recent *Extraordinary.* heavy penalty imposed by the Ipswich Justices upon an assistant teacher would scarcely justify the assumption, but if not remarkable statements on the subject are made in the current number of "Cassell's Saturday Journal":—"Almost any Board School teacher in London (says the writer) can tell of cases of blackmailing that have been tried in either of the police courts. Although these cases are seldom brought into court, the N.U.T. have, during the year, to deal with several. The opportunity for blackmailing the profession is (owing to one particular circumstance) unusually easy. All forms of corporal punishment are forbidden to 'Assistants.' But this latter term does not mean a boy pupil-teacher; it is a technical one, signifying a man who, after serving a four-years' apprenticeship and undergoing subsequently a stiff examination, inherited the 'parchment,' is, unfortunately, not a head master-though he may be, perhaps, fifty years old' and have had twenty-five years' experience as a teacher. The consequence is that it is safe to assert, adhered strictly to this arbitrary prohibition. Suppose a man, such as has been described, happens to find an unruly boy who is demoralising his class. Lessening and ordinary 'moral punishments' are wasted, for the unruly boy has learnt to regard it as the height of so light a character as the boy's father would ordinarily deduct from his wages. That is the blackmailer's opportunity. He goes to the master (perhaps even to the head), exaggerates, vows his intention of taking the 'assault' into Court, and finally demands a sovereign or so as the price of his forbearance. In ninety-nine times in a hundred he gets it; for, guilty or innocent, a magisterial trial, in the circumstances, would mean a master's professional ruin. Schoolmistresses are more frequently the victims; and cases have been known where one blackmailing mother had been successful five or six times, even going so far as to severely thrash her child for the purpose of obtaining marks for magisterial inspection if only she has happened to hear of the slightest tap of the cane on the part of the incantious teacher."

THE REPRESENTATION OF IPSWICH.

RESIGNATION OF MR. FORD GODDARD.

We are informed on very high authority that at a meeting of the Radical party very recently a letter was read from Mr. Ford Goddard, one of the Radical candidates for Ipswich, in which that gentleman declared his intention of not offering himself again as the Radical interest for Ipswich in Parliament. We are informed that Mr. Goddard wrote in the most positive terms, giving the party to understand that it was useless to endeavour to get him to stand, and that he had arrived at this decision after careful consideration. It is stated that Mr. Scames will, however, again offer himself for election.

DISTRESSING DEATH OF A LOWESTOFT FARMER.

A retired Lowestoft farmer, named Robert Coe, has come to a sad end owing to failing eyesight. On Wednesday afternoon the bridegroom of Lowestoft, named Vocel, observed Coe's dead body in the Yacht basin, which was secured and landed. The deceased, who lodged with Mr. Creasy, of Denmark Road, left that house at half-past two on the previous afternoon, and did not return. He was very nearsighted, and this supposed that he accidentally walked into the basin.

UNDER THE HAMMER.

GRUNDISBURGH AND WOODBRIDGE.

Last week Messrs W. Arnott and Son offered for sale at the Bull Hotel, Woodbridge, the following properties:—Cottage, with garden, farm buildings, and nine six acres of land, in the occupation of Mr. Anthony Mr. Welton £95. Two acres of building land on the Californian Estate, Woodbridge, were disposed of in four lots for £30 to Mr. Bloomfield, of Ufford. Anthony purchased all the land, giving £14 for each of lots one and two, and £23 jointly for lots three and four.

On Monday afternoon, by direction of the Misses Odell, Messrs. Biddell offered for sale by auction, by private petition at the Swan Hotel, a freehold mercantile property, designed for a chaff business, conducted for many years past by the late Mr. Odell, and the yard shed at Lavenham Station, Mr. James Mills, £29. Two cottages and gardens, situate in Water Street, Mr. James Mills, £107.

ALDEBURGH.

The North Lodge estate, Aldeburgh, late the property of Mr. Charles Crisp, of Oxford, has been sold to Mr. John Driver, of the White Lion Hotel, Aldeburgh.

DRINKING HEALTHS.

Drinking healths was a Roman custom. Thus, in Plautus, we read of a man drinking to his mistress with these words: "*Bene vos, bene nos, bene te, bene me, bene nostrum etiam, Stephanium*" ("Here's to you, here's to me, here's to us, here's to my sweetheart, here's to your dear ——"). *Stich. v. 4.* Persius (v. 1, 20) has a similar verse: "*Bene mihi, bene vobis, bene amico nostro*" ("Here's to me, here's to you, here's to my friend, and here's to I shan't say who."). Martial, Ovid, Horace, &c., refer to the custom, which was, indeed, a very favourite healthe. Thus, when Theramenes was condemned by the Thirty Tyrants to drink hemlock, he said: "*Hoc pulcrigidis et tam bene dicto Critiæ*" (to the beautiful Critias). The ancient Saxons followed the same habit, and Geoffrey of Monmouth says that Hengist invited King Vortigern to a banquet of fine fat ox and wine. After the meats were removed, Rowena, the beautiful daughter of Hengist, entered, and having fallen down on her knees, made a profound obeisance, said, "*Lauerd kining, wacht hei*" ("Lord King, your health"). The king then drank and said, "*Wacht hei, Rowena, and hes't to I shan't say who.*"). Martial, Ovid, Horace, &c., refer to the custom, which was, indeed, a very favourite healthe. Thus, when Theramenes was condemned by the Thirty Tyrants to drink hemlock, he said: "*Hoc Agrigidis et Critiæ dicto*" (to the beautiful Critias). Death.

ROUND THE COUNTY ASYLUM.

THE NEW BUILDINGS: DESCRIPTIVE SKETCH.

HOW 600 PEOPLE LIVE.

[By Our Special Commissioner.]

Many eloquent things are said about the institutions for the treatment of the diseased in body, but very little is heard about those devoted to the diseased in mind—the asylums. Yet both are in the best sense hospitals, and the task of dealing with persons who are mentally afflicted is often the greater trial of patience and perseverance. The number of recoveries must always be more or less limited and the malady is as insidious and troublesome in its character that the public are apt to overlook cases generally as hopeless, and take slight interest in the work done within the locked gates. The heavily burdened taxpayer is also apt to grumble at the money incurred at the County Lunatic Asylum, and thinks that some outlay of capital might be avoided, or the rate of maintenance would be reduced a little per head. Forgetting that this is a matter in which the sense of humanity and that of economy alike dictates a liberal treatment. Some consideration of a common humanity does so become the lot of the insane is most deplorable, and the sympathy we may feel for them is based on the fact that reasonably generous conduct in the matter pays—with it there is greater hope patients may recover, and there is a permanent saving on the rates. These were the conclusions at which the *Journal* commissioner arrived on Monday, when, by the courtesy of the Rev. Dr. Needham (chaplain) and Dr. Nolloth (medical officer), he made a visit to the "little town" which goes under the name of Asylum. It is expected its surplus wards and buildings, no fewer than 220 patients and between sixty and seventy attendants and workmen, will be completed next year. Two of the great attractions, of course, were the new infirmaries, which have been fitted up with the latest modern appliances, and are quite a model in their way for us; and beyond that there was the pleasure of seeing the great improvements that have been made in other parts of the asylum. The latter portion of the plan certainly is not encouraging. More than 100 years ago part of it

WAS THE WOODBRIDGE UNION WORKHOUSE,

and it was taken over as an Asylum when the Nacton Workhouse was built. The premises were then very ill-adapted to the extent it then took, for the institution is really at one end of East Suffolk, and most in-county patients had for the convenience of relatives living at Newmarket or Bury and desiring to visit patients have to get up at seven o'clock in the morning and cannot get home until late at night. The position of the unhappy pauners who were incarcerated within its walls must, if they had any reasoning power left in their brains, have forced from them many a groan. Dinner was a crime, and they might have supplied an earthly interpretation to the words "Abandon all hope ye who enter here." Old photographs give the idea that the architect of that day held that light should be rigidly spurned, for the walls are of the plain brick—cold, cheerless, and barren—and the furniture of the plainest possible sort. Lengthlow tells us that a visitor to the Union Workhouse was always taken round. "If they have nothing else to grind they must themselves be ground," and although the Poor Law Commissioners have long since abolished the "Bastile" system, the idea of it varied much, according to his view, have had a bad time—left without sanitation in the midst of the paupers, and a few of their moody madness or its incoherent imaginings. The story goes that the mad attendants were smocks and fustian, but tradition does not say that they were straight jackets which is rather a pity, as it would have completed the picture. When the old Workhouse was converted into an Asylum a few wooden buildings were erected, and the erected in front of the line of buildings. Fresh blocks were added in 1851, 1857, 1864, 1871, 1877, 1881, and 1885, and other substantial extensions were made about nine years ago. Minor additions have been made from time to time, such as the new infirmaries, which are just being occupied were erected.

The inspection on Monday began with the workshops in the women's block which were originally part of the Workhouse, and thence I passed to the Moffat and Scott section. I had seen those of the place as it existed eighteen years ago, when Dr. Eager was the present superintendent, and the contrast showed that a remarkable change had been effected. The whitewashed wall that gave a prison-like appearance have been plastered and coloured with a dado of pitch pine match-boarding. The old-fashioned grates have been replaced by new ones, carried to the ceiling, and additional ones inserted wherever possible, so as to obtain cross ventilation.

DOUBLE THE AMOUNT OF LIGHT AND AIR

being thereby obtained. The dormitories are kept in the most thorough manner by a through draught while the patients are out exercising. It is obvious that the improvement in the ventilation must add to the health and comfort of the inmates. Care has also been taken to provide plenty of fireplaces, and thus prevent the crowding round the one or two grates which in the past must needs be done to ensure if there was not sh owroom for those who wanted to get warm. The arrangement, of course, is not only for the good order of the place, but well-being of the patients. Glass screens have been put in front of the fireplaces in the dormitories, and apart from the rest, or vice versa, and the hideous babel which is associated in the popular mind with a mad-house avoided. The walls have been coloured as well as in the more serious part of their work, the attendants do all they can to promote the well-being of the patients. Recreation is provided for in many and commissariat departments, which are much overcrowded for want of space. All the women's clothes and the men's underclothing are made on the establishment, and careful records kept of the materials received and of the articles made from them. The articles received back. A word may be expected in conclusion as to the patients. Their neatness and cleanliness could not be surpassed in a private house, and they are well cared for is evident from their general appearance and behaviour. It must be highly gratifying to the superintendent and his staff that the recovery rate is 58·27, against an average for the English Asylums as set forth in the last report of the Commissioners of Lunacy of 37·29. Though defects exist which have been pointed out, the Asylum is not in such an inefficient condition as the report of Mr. Hodge, and the Suffolk Asylum must be considered to compare very favourably with many Asylums of more recent date. The great drawback to the place, and one to a great extent to the unpleasing and unreasonable attention paid to it by the public, is the fact that it can be no doubt, and the Committee of Visitors must be congratulated on having an institution so eminently adapted for the purpose, and they will be unfortunate if it is to require treatment for mental ailments.

WEST SUFFOLK INCENDIARISM.

MORE STACK FIRING NEAR BURY.

Another fire, presumably the work of an incendiary, was discovered on Monday night at Hardwick, near Bury St. Edmund's, when a large barley straw stack on the premises of Mr. Eager contents himself with the old style. In the bath rooms there is the same scrupulous cleanliness as in the dormitories, and there is no bath, ding of cement, and tiles have been laid round. being much more easy to clean than the ordinary wooden flooring. The kitchen has been moved to the old bath head attendant alone, and there is a plan in it to enable the attendant to see that the patient is suffering no harm from the fact that he is unobserved. Formerly when first erected, the worst in the Asylum. It was of bare brick and paved with tiles, the door to the receptacle was of the ordinary kind, and the whole place so small that a patient had to perform like a jumping frog to get at the window. Fortunately it has been possible to build out bats, place additional windows in dark unlovely wards, so as to increase space and provide for better light and ventilation. The work has been done, and the result has been happy. The number of fire places has also been increased wherever possible. The ever-present fear of fire is not lessened, but the space is not more than is required by the Lunacy Act, and the Superintendent considers the very best number. It is expensive, because the number of attendants has to be increased in proportion to the size of the ward contains 40 or 60 patients, but he attributes success in the recovery of the insane largely to the individual attention that can be given to the sick, and less well-contained, but when Dr. Eager came 18 years ago, none had either a storeroom or a scullery. Goods were carried up and down the stairs by the stairs. Now all are provided with such places, and the stores were removed in the most convenient manner.

ONE OF THE BLOTS ON THE ASYLUM,

the No. 6 dormitory, was next visited. It was originally an airing-court, and was roofed in when it was found necessity for an increase in the accommodation occurred. It was broken up at the sides and tiled over. To abandon it altogether would be a waste of money, but obviously cost the county hardly anything to build, and it has long been a thorn in the eyes. Any attempt to improve it would be wasted effort, as it is bad all over. It is bare, narrow, cold, and cheerless, and looks as if it had been designed for the punishment of rank offence. A pleasant contrast is the new block of infirmary buildings. The wards are bright and airy, and, while there has been no attempt at unnecessary display in the place, there is a cheerfulness and comfort which suggests that everything that can be done to relieve the monotony of life has been done. The corridors, too, are the walls are decorated with pictures, the fireplaces have ornamentals and ornaments, and the tables with flowers, and a few ornaments. The bath-room is the house—and containing some of the prettiest specimens of the Doulton ware with the usual fittings. The patients and divert them from their trouble. The doors open with the single means of which with the ordinary door-handles, which show whether or not a door is locked, the feature of the patient being that the doors can be locked open as well as when shut, and thus the danger of an attendant being locked in by a patient is obviated. The doors are also covered with hot air, and there is an ingenious contrivance by which the usual trouble of rubbish being put in the apparatus by the patients is obviated. It will be readily conceded that so a not unfrequent act of insane is for patients to put anything that they can get hold of into the wear say, the need of artificial warmth in the sick rooms is apparent. Yet until a few years ago the single rooms were without any provision for heat, if I remember rightly, it was a coroner's inquest that brought out the importance of the matter.

THE NEW INFIRMARY BUILDINGS

by that well-organised maker, Mr. Jennings, and one of their attractions is that they can be cleared of all dust and dirt in a few minutes by the application of a minute and a half. Dr. Eager has, however, some baths which, by a contrivance of his own, fill and empty in a minute. The bath-room is also provided with lavatories—made on the promises—give a finish to the windows, suitable curtains being hung from them. There is a sluice-room, with a hot and cold water supply, and the great care in everything being to avoid monotony. Special attention should be made of a chair put together by Dr. Eager, which can be converted into a chair or bath by the bedside, or as table overhanging the bed for convenience. The lower part beneath the seat can be used as a receptacle for clothing. The attendants' rooms have been made cosy and comfortable, and the kitchen is a model in every way, little consideration for them tends very much to improve the class of attendants and the whole character of the institution. The day room, which is also the dormitory, the brass-work of which shines unbedimmed by a speck of dust. One large dormitory which has been in use for the purpose nine years is called the "supervision dormitory," and here patients who are epileptic or are of unsteady tendency sleep under the eye of a special attendant. It contains thirty-nine beds. The wards generally are patrolled at night by attendants, who register their presence in each ward at regular intervals by touching certain buttons, which leaves its mark on a paper over the dial of the "tell-tale" electric clock in the centre of the building. Returning to the old buildings and the workshops in the female block, the improvements effected there in recent years indicate a transformation. The attics were never intended for use as all, but were brought into service at the time the old workhouse was converted to its present use. They have since been made as convenient as possible, and are now mainly used for the work of the class of patients who use them. The one thing that at once strikes the visitor in regard to the

AIRING AND RECREATION GROUNDS,

is the wonderful preservation and neatness of the grass, which is kept like a lawn. The patients have become accustomed to "walk on the paths," and however much their minds may wander their feet do not, which is a very important matter as the body is supposed to be under the control of the mind, and the mind in these cases is not under control. There is, of course, a large field for sudden play, and the mischief shrubs and plants may be damaged or destroyed, and for the patients suffering from more active mania, provided a ground on which they are allowed to run, and they can thus enjoy the bountiful without straining it. Cricket is played in the summer, and there a little anecdote comes in appropriately. A little boy in great distress about a sum that will not come right, says to his mother, "I've asked God to help me, mother, but it's no good—he's made three mistakes." The lecturer last night have given a little further back still (but didn't) to it

ANCIENT LATIN TRADITION OF JOVE

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MORE STACK FIRING NEAR BURY.

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HARTISMERE PETTY SESSIONS.

THREE MONTHS FOR FOWL STEALING.

At these Sessions on Tuesday, before Sir Henry Rew, F.C. Lee French presiding, Walter Foulger, labourer, Botesdale, was charged with carrying a gun without a license on the 17th November. Mr. Bevan was prosecuting, and the keeper named Walter Boston, and defendant was fined 2s. costs 8s.—William Lock, labourer, Wyverstone, was charged with stealing a fowl on the 17th November at Wyverstone, on the 17th November. William Bloomfield, keeper, saw defendant creeping along the side of the fence with a gun in his hand. He called to him. Defendant asked witness to overlook it. Fined 10s. and costs 8s.—Thomas Bunting, labourer, Botesdale, former, Wortham, was charged with refusing to pay various sums amounting to £12 9s. 4d. due to the overseers of the parish of Wortham, and also £2 6s. 6d. and 11½., due to the Surveyor for highway rates. The defendant did not appear, but the amounts in question having been proved, a fine of 40s. and costs 10s. 6d. or in default of distress to be paid, in default a distress warrant to issue.—Robert Shipp, horse dealer, Harleston, was charged with

REFUSING TO QUIT LICENSED PREMISES

at Barford on the 17th November. Mr. F. C. Warren defended. Edward Tricker, landlord of the Bull Inn, Bacton, said that on the day in question defendant came to the house. He was very much the worse for drink and was supplied with drink. He had not been in the bar long before he struck a man who was sitting near him. Witness then asked him to leave the premises. Witness then requested defendant to leave the house, but he refused to do so, saying "I will have a go at you." Defendant then struck witness a blow on the face, with the same result. At witness's request the second man left the bar and went into the kitchen, where he was followed by defendant. There was a good deal of wrangling in the kitchen the pair went into the yard, and he left them fighting together. He said he had received from Tricker, offering to settle the matter for £1. The Bench considered the case proved, and fined defendant 40s. and costs 8s.—Robert Bright and Thomas Scott, labourers, both of Wortham, were each charged with stealing wood at Wortham on the 19th November. John Butcher, gamekeeper, said that whilst in a plantation near Mr. Goodrich's field at Wortham on the 19th he saw the defendants cutting a field after firing a gun. Witness followed and caught Bryant. Witness, accompanied by Thomas Cracknell, afterwards apprehended Scott. Bryant was observed in his pocket, which was quite warm. Bryant denied the charge. Thomas Storley to prove that she saw him near the Wortham Ash Gate, but he left the offence was committed. Thomas Hubbard and Harry Wright also gave evidence. Bryant, in his own defence, said he was not guilty. The charge against Bryant was dismissed, and Scott was sentenced to one month's imprisonment.—Ernest Colman and Alfred Potter, labourers, of Thorndon, were charged on remand with

STEALING A QUANTITY OF LIVE FOWLS,

the property of Mr. E. Brown, farmer, Thorndon, on the 25th ult. Prosecutor said the prisoner Potter was in his employ. On the 25th inst. he was called up about 10 30 by Police-constable Colyer. He and Edwards at witness found that Colyer had the prisoner in custody. Potter said that Colman had given him the fowls before. I own I stole these, and the policeman knew them." Colman pleaded guilty, and begged for leniency. Potter pleaded not guilty, and said when Colman left him on the road he did not know what he was about. Colman, who had been previously convicted for ten stealing, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour. Potter was fined £1.

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CHURCH NOTES AND NEWS.

[Specially contributed.]

A LECTURE BY JEROME K. JEROME.

[By a Lady Correspondent.]

The great charm of Jerome K. Jerome's style of lecturing lies in its pathos. This sounds rather like a paradox when speaking of one of our great humorists. But so it is—as he said himself at the beginning of his lecture—the humorous and pathetic are so intimately connected in our lives, pathos underlying humour as the warp the woof, joy and sorrow, laughter and tears, closely intermingled, sometimes one uppermost, sometimes the other; the brightness of the one showing off the depth of the other, as the light and shade in a picture. And so it was that the lecturer, after a well or two ago was "Humour, Past and Present," and beginning with the ancients, he showed us how great a part humour has played in human life from the times of the caves, a primitive humour, consisting chiefly of practical jokes and pranks may be damaged or destroyed, and for the patients suffering from more active mania, provided a ground on which they are allowed to run, and they can thus enjoy the bountiful without straining it. Cricket is played in the summer, and there a little anecdote comes in appropriately. A little boy in great distress about a sum that will not come right, says to his mother, "I've asked God to help me, mother, but it's no good—he's made three mistakes." The lecturer last night have given a little further back still (but didn't) to it

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The inspection on Monday began with the workshops in the women's block which were originally part of the Workhouse, and thence I passed to the Moffat and Scott section. I had seen those of the place as it existed eighteen years ago, when Dr. Eager was the present superintendence, and the contrast showed that a remarkable change had been effected. The whitewashed wall that gave a prison-like appearance have been plastered and coloured with a dado of pitch pine match-boarding. The old-fashioned grates have been replaced by new ones, carried to the ceiling, and additional ones inserted wherever possible, so as to obtain cross ventilation.

DOUBLE THE AMOUNT OF LIGHT AND AIR

being thereby obtained. The dormitories are kept in the most thorough manner by a through draught while the patients are out exercising. It is obvious that the improvement in the ventilation must add to the health and comfort of the inmates. Care has also been taken to provide plenty of fireplaces, and thus prevent the crowding round the one or two grates which in the past must needs be done to ensure if there was not sh owroom for those who wanted to get warm. The arrangement, of course, is not only for the good order of the place but well-being of the patients. Glass screens have been put in front of the fireplaces in the dormitories, and apart from the rest, or vice versa, and the hideous babel which is associated in the popular mind with a mad-house avoided. The walls have been coloured as well as in the more serious part of their work, the attendants do all they can to promote the well-being of the patients. Recreation is provided for in many and commissariat departments, which are much overcrowded for want of space. All the women's clothes and the men's underclothing are made on the establishment, and careful records kept of the materials received and of the articles received back. A word may be expected in conclusion as to the patients. Their neatness and cleanliness could not be surpassed in a private house, and they are well cared for is evident from their general appearance and behaviour. It must be highly gratifying to the superintendent and his staff that the recovery rate is 58·27, against an average for the English Asylums as set forth in the last report of the Commissioners of Lunacy of 37·29. Though defects exist which have been pointed out, the Asylum is not in such an inefficient condition as the report of Mr. Hodge, and the Suffolk Asylum must be considered to compare very favourably with many Asylums of more recent date. The great drawback to the place, and one to a great extent to the unpleasing and unreasonable attention paid to it by the public, is the fact that it can be no doubt, and the Committee of Visitors must be congratulated on having an institution so eminently adapted for the purpose, and they will be unfortunate if it is to require treatment for mental ailments.

WEST SUFFOLK INCENDIARISM.

MORE STACK FIRING NEAR BURY.

Another fire, presumably the work of an incendiary, was discovered on Monday night at Hardwick, near Bury St. Edmund's, when a large barley straw stack on the premises of Mr. Ernest Pritchett, estate agent, the residence of Mr. Ernest Pritchett, estate agent, was discovered to be on fire at about 10 o'clock. Volunteer Fire Brigade, Supt. Clarke, Inspector Rock, and constables from Horringer, Whepstead, Chevington, and Ingham, were promptly on the scene, but owing to the close proximity to the burning mass were about a dozen other stacks of corn, straw, and straw. The property is insured.

HARTISMERE PETTY SESSIONS.

THREE MONTHS FOR FOWL STEALING.

At these Sessions on Tuesday, before Sir Henry Rew, F. Lee French presiding, Walter Foulger, labourer, Botesdale, was charged with carrying a gun without a license on the 17th November. Mr. Bevan was prosecuting, and the keeper named Walter Boston, and defendant was fined 2s. costs 8s.—William Lock, labourer, Wyverstone, was charged with stealing a fowl on the 17th November at Wyverstone, on the 17th November. William Bloomfield, keeper, saw defendant creeping along the side of the fence with a gun in his hand. He called to him. Defendant asked witness to overlook it. Fined 10s. and costs 8s.—Thomas Bunting, labourer, Botesdale, former, Wortham, was charged with refusing to pay various sums amounting to £12 9s. 4d. due to the overseers of the parish of Wortham, and also £2 6s. 6d. and 11½., due to the Surveyor for highway rates. The defendant did not appear, but the amounts in question having been proved, a fine of 40s. and costs 10s. 6d. or in default of distress to be paid, in default a distress warrant to issue.—Robert Shipp, horse dealer, Harleston, was charged with

REFUSING TO QUIT LICENSED PREMISES

at Barford on the 17th November. Mr. F. C. Warren defended. Edward Tricker, landlord of the Bull Inn, Bacton, said that on the day in question defendant came to the house. He was very much the worse for drink and was supplied with drink. He had not been in the bar long before he struck a man who was sitting near him. Witness then asked him to leave the premises. Witness then requested defendant to leave the house, but he refused to do so, saying "I will have a go at you." Defendant then struck witness a blow on the face, with the same result. At witness's request the second man left the bar and went into the kitchen, where he was followed by defendant. There was a good deal of wrangling in the kitchen the pair went into the yard, and he left them fighting together. He said he had received from Tricker, offering to settle the matter for £1. The Bench considered the case proved, and fined defendant 40s. and costs 8s.—Robert Bright and Thomas Scott, labourers, both of Wortham, were each charged with stealing wood at Wortham on the 19th November. John Butcher, gamekeeper, said that whilst in a plantation near Mr. Goodrich's field at Wortham on the 19th he saw the defendants cutting a field after firing a gun. Witness followed and caught Bryant. Witness, accompanied by Thomas Cracknell, afterwards apprehended Scott. Bryant was observed in his pocket, which was quite warm. Bryant denied the charge. Thomas Storley to prove that she saw him near the Wortham Ash Gate, but he left the offence was committed. Thomas Hubbard and Harry Wright also gave evidence. Bryant, in his own defence, said he was not guilty. The charge against Bryant was dismissed, and Scott was sentenced to one month's imprisonment.—Ernest Colman and Alfred Potter, labourers, of Thorndon, were charged on remand with

STEALING A QUANTITY OF LIVE FOWLS,

the property of Mr. E. Brown, farmer, Thorndon, on the 25th ult. Prosecutor said the prisoner Potter was in his employ. On the 25th inst. he was called up about 10 30 by Police-constable Colyer. He and Edwards at witness found that Colyer had the prisoner in custody. Potter said that Colman had given him the fowls before. I own I stole these, and the policeman knew them." Colman pleaded guilty, and begged for leniency. Potter pleaded not guilty, and said when Colman left him on the road he did not know what he was about. Colman, who had been previously convicted for ten stealing, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour. Potter was fined £1.

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CHURCH NOTES AND NEWS.

[Specially contributed.]

Information from any parish in the diocese (if suitable for this column) will be acceptable, and carefully attended to, if friends will kindly forward it to the Editor of Church Notes, *Ipswich Journal*.

I have just had placed in my hands the December number of the Burgh Castle Monthly Magazine. It is a very small document, but contains in its limited compass much that is interesting and instructive. The editor's explanation of the Parish and District Councils Act is very lucid, and will materially aid the subscribers to the magazine.

Cardinal Vaughan's letter to the Archbishop of Toledo has had, as we predicted, says the *Globe*, the most satisfactory effect. It has given the Bishop of Salisbury, Canon Fleming writes to the *Times* to say that he "can conceive no utterance more calculated to strengthen Protestantism among us"; while another clergyman gathers from it that the Ritualistic nonsense that the High Church party is the bulwark against modern Romanism" from which he has most to fear. Thus all sections of the Church are pleased, which is hardly the result which the famous letter was intended to bring about.

A Royal Warrant has been prepared directing letters patent to issue, nominating the Dean of Emery Francis Johnson, rector of Chelmsford, and Archdeacon of Essex, to be Suffragan Bishop of Colchester, in succession to the late Dr. Blomfield. The new Bishop was ordained in 1859. He was Vicar of High Wych, Herts, from 1862 to 1880, and in the latter year was appointed by the late Bishop Claughton to the rectory of Chelmsford, succeeding to the Archdeaconry of Essex in 1885.

A letter from the Lord Bishop of Norwich to the Vicar of Holy Trinity Church, Ipswich, expresses much satisfaction respecting the contemplated improvements in the church. He also states that he hopes that when the building is completed and the work successfully done the Divine services can be rendered with a more reverent though simple dignity than is now possible. The laudable endeavours to draw people to the worship of the Most High will, he hopes, be rendered more likely to be crowned with increased success. Say what we will, externals have and must have an effect upon the minds of many people. It is hoped that those parishioners who have offered donations towards the church will, now that the new church is being freely given to the neighbourhood, feel moved to make over their kind donations for the renovation and improvement of the parish church. An earnest appeal; but from lengthened experience, has been eminently successful, but a large sum is still needed to be promised, and it is earnestly hoped that enthusiasm in such a good cause may have many able and willing supporters.

We may congratulate the London Junior Clergy Missionary Association on the great success which has attended their praiseworthy effort to extend and deepen the interest which Christian people take in the work of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel. There are indications which may well induce those who are engaged in promoting the cause of evangelisation, whether at home or abroad, to thank God and take courage. But there is much to be done before the desired effort and enlarged interest. To stimulate this effort and to extend this interest is the object for which the Junior Clergy Missionary Association exists.

At Exeter Hall last year the demonstration was note-worthy in many ways, and in no small degree from the eloquent address of the Archbishop of Canterbury. The Duke, also, took the chair at Queen's Hall which was filled. The Bishop of London presided, and amongst those present was the Master of the Charterhouse (Canon Elwyn), Canon Bailey, D.D., late Warden of Sherborne, Canon Chandler, Canterbury; Canon Palmer, Prebendary Whitlington, Canon Clement, and Mr. Eugene Stock. The Chairman, who was received with prolonged applause, said it must be a matter of great rejoicing to see so large a number of Christians assembled in that hall to show their interest in the work, what they felt called to do, and to learn from the lips of those who had studied the matter how the work was going on, and what was the prospect of the future. He (the Chairman) had, partly through such meetings, they might succeed in making Christian people feel more deeply than they had yet felt, not only for the sake of the heathen, but for the sake of themselves, for the sake of their own Christian life, for the sake of their own faith in the supernatural of the Gospel, the great doctrine of the "Communion of Saints."

In proportion as the Church did her work abroad, in that proportion must assuredly would she always be called by the Lord to do her work at home, said the speaker. To give to others is the sure way to have for your own purposes more than you have given. This you may depend, is the sure working of all spiritual work. Let every one apply to his own life and to the missionary spirit amongst our people, I fear not that it will damage the work that we have to do ourselves, for I know for certain that instead of losing we shall gain—gain in the truest line, not only in the outward means, but in a truer knowledge, in a higher conception of what spiritual life really means—gain in that true sense of the unity of all the members of the Church, which beyond everything else, except only the thought of Christ Himself, is the strength and life of the Church at home and abroad, and which the Lord Jesus Christ has to do.

Canon Scott Holland moved the second resolution :—"That the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts is worthy of far stronger and heartier support than it now receives from English Churchmen." Other eloquent speakers followed, after which his lordship pronounced the benediction. The service was specially arranged with Advent hymns, and intended to bring into full force the Advent idea. Long before the service began the church was filled to its utmost capacity. Before and after the "Magnificat," Gounod's "Benedictus" was exquisitely sung by Miss Hilda Wilkinson, and their hearts in the anthem, "Glory to Thee my God this night," by the same celebrated composer. An eloquent and forcible discourse was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Needham, rector of Kettlebarn, and the most enjoyable service concluded with the Litany of the Passion.

PETTAUGH.

A lecture, under the auspices of the National Protestant Church Union, was delivered in the schoolroom in the Mission Room by Mr. H. J. Orchard, of Halesworth. There was a crowded and attentive audience, and the lecturer dealt with the subject of "Auricular Confession," and pointed out the dangers of Ritualism and Romanism, which threatened them to-day. A letter was read from the Rev. W. M. A. Blomfield, vicar of the true teaching of the Church of England as contained in her articles, and as being altogether opposed to the advanced Ritualistic practices of the present. Many joined the Union.

EARL STONHAM: FOREIGN MISSIONS.

A meeting on behalf of the Society for Propagating the Gospel in Foreign parts was held in the East Bonham National Schoolroom on Tuesday. The interest in the Society was explained by the Rev. A. Salmon, a missionary from Burmah. The lecturer related his own experiences in that country, and described amongst the Karens—a tribe which has proved difficult to Christianise. The Karens were the first people to take to the missionaries they become a source of great usefulness to the Society. In some districts the work has been very successful, and there are now many ordained deacons and priests. These native clergy are supported by the people of the district in which they work. The Society has been at work in Burmah for some season, which lasts for six months, the missionaries stay at the Mission Station, and occupy themselves in teaching a number of natives who are being trained for the ministry. A great deal of time is also spent in printing religious books in the native languages, of which there is a large number. The rest of the year is taken up in travelling about the country, preaching and teaching in the villages, and generally endeavouring to the people were also described. The lecture, which was extremely interesting, was illustrated by the aid of the magic lantern.

CHURCH LADS' BRIGADE.

Although only established some twelve months ago, the first Ipswich Company (St. Clement's) of the Church Lads' Brigade has already become strong both numerically and in efficiency of drill. This was freely demonstrated on Monday evening, when the company, numbering about 60 strong, assembled in the schools in a numerous company of ladies and gentlemen by Lieut. H. H. W. Sparke, who was the inspecting officer. Hall, Forman Road. The officers on parade were Rev. Jno. Powell, chaplain; Rev. Samuel Jones, assistant chaplain; Captain F. W. Turner, Lieutenant Sparke, Lieut. W. Christopherson, Rev. F. L. Schreiber, and Benson. There were also present Lieut.-Surgeon G. S. Elliston, Col. F. Tuson Cobbold, Mr. Ernest C. Cobbold, Mr. Bulstrode, and other gentlemen interested in the 1st Volunteer Battalion Suffolk Regiment. The boys, accompanied by their officers, marched into the room, and W. S. Fenner, marched past the inspecting officers, and were afterwards put through company formation and physical drills, all of which were carried out in a very smart manner. Addressing the boys at the conclusion of their exercises, Lieut. Sparke expressed the great pleasure it had given him to witness their performances, as they had gone through their drill as well as possible. Considering that the boys had only been in the company more than two months the progress made was simply marvellous; but knowing the officer in command as he did, he was not surprised wherein the secret lay. (Applause.) Whatever Captain Turner undertook he did it well, and he (Col. Packard) was glad to find that he was ably seconded by his lieutenants. The whole company had turned out in first-rate order; their accoutrements, which were very simple, viz., cap, belt, and lanyard, were neatly and correctly put on. He had also heard from a very high authority—Lieut.-Colonel Anderson, who visited their camp at Felixstowe—how well the boys conducted themselves while under strict discipline; while favourable

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It saves much work and time, to use it is a pleasure.

comments had reached him from people who had met in the neighbourhood of the camp. He congratulated the boys on their general steadiness, and said their movements would do credit to any battalion of Volunteers after considerably more than a small amount of drill they had received.—Major and Adjutant Mackenzie, of the 1st V.B. Suffolk Regiment, also spoke in high terms of the lads, urging attention to details at drill. They might think the details only trifles, but trifles formed perfection, and they must aim at nothing less than that.—The proceedings terminated by the band playing the National Anthem.

PRESENTATION TO THE LATE VICAR OF ST. MARY ELMS.

Quite recently the married daughter of the late Vicar of St. Mary Elms, Ipswich, to receive gratifying acknowledgment of the valuable services which were rendered to the parish on Wednesday evening came the Rev. L. D. Kenyon-Stow's turn to receive a substantial mark of the high esteem and consideration between himself and the parishioners of St. Mary Elms during the period of his vicariate of that church, which office he has recently resigned. The Vicar's study was crowded over a numerous gathering in the Parish-room, the Rev. A. W. Van Den Bergh (the new vicar) and Mr. J. S. Fraser (churchwarden) representing the congregation. The Chairman read letters apologising for their inability to be present from Mr. Alderman Ransome and Mr. C. S. Tempest, and after making feeling reference to the Rev. Kenyon-Stow's past and valued services to the parish, Mr. Fraser read the address presenting the acceptance of a beautifully illuminated address, framed in oak and bearing an artistic water-colourings of St. Mary Elms Church, and the sum of £200 in gold, which would be appreciated as an evidence of gratitude and friendship. The address, bearing the signatures of 69 parishioners, was as follows:—"Ipswich, St. Mary Elms, D. Kenyon-Stow.—Dear Sir,—The parishioners and friends of St. Mary Elms, assembled in the Parish-room, Ipswich, whose names are attached hereto, desire to express their appreciation of your ministrations as Vicar of this parish during the past 20 years at your resignation. They thank you very heartily for

THE BRIGHT MUSICAL SERVICES

introduced and the many other signs of success during the twelve years of your incumbency. They also highly value the great improvement in the church, and the beautiful window which you have generously carried out at your own expense. As a small token of their regard, they have authorised us, accompanying you with a gold, to ask you for your acceptance, with their best wishes for your future health and happiness." The design of the text and ornamentation was the work of Mr. Leeworthy, who displayed considerable skill in its execution.—Mr. Fraser, in handing the purse contain

AGRICULTURAL LETTER.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

November has again brought itself to a close, and we may say, I think, the latter part of the month has been particularly partial, as regards weather, to the agricultural world at large. Farm work, as compared with other years, is certainly exceptionally forward. Although the rains have been very heavy, and have caused much loss of property in some districts, yet in East Anglia much ploughing has been got through in a satisfactory condition.

To the inexperienced this work of turning up the sod looks as if it might be suitably carried on at any period when the elements are not favourable, or we with a downpour. Such, however, is not the case. The condition in which the land is worked is a very important matter, and makes all the difference when harvest comes along. "Through your land dry" is a bit of advice given by a well-known agriculturist in this district, the truth of which we can prove, not only at the time of harvest, but also through the spring time, when the land is being sown and cleaned. Turning land after wheat is a special instance of the truth of the saying, for with one good dry earth and a frost to follow, how many less barrows and kill-horse crowes will be required? To take another instance. If a dry time sets in on Stilling, how much less rolling will be needed—probably the heavy Cambridge can be dispensed with.

Yet even further than this we may go when we consider that the sowing of young layers, also boeing, are far more effectually carried on when the land has been ploughed in the condition advocated. Reflecting on our position in the previous autumn, we well remember the extreme scarcity of the root and hay crop—never, we may say, in the life of the present generation, to be forgotten. And if this locality were an exception, I may say there were several tons of roots, practically speaking, spoilt for feeding purposes. We should be very sorry to be without this gentleman (Jack Frost), but we, as farmers, like to be summoned for his visits, not to have him looking into our mangel and swede clumps, and catching our carrots still on *terra firma* as he did last year. However, with due thanks to the Clerk of the Weather, in Suffolk, at any rate, mangel are secured from her ravages, swedes have almost all found their winter quarters, and carrots have been lifted. "Have your ploughs thatched by Christmas," is an old hearty-laid saying, and one which is now rather difficult for our light-land neighbours to understand. A heavy corn-growing land it was the rule, and was generally accomplished by the now year, if not by Christmas. That is to say that the land which was in course for corn was ploughed up, so as to be exposed to the frost, there to be holding were in the yard or on the pastures, and the ploughs were stuck into a straw stack and thatched for the winter. Our iron ploughs of the present day scarcely require such tender treatment.

Speaking of ploughs, it is my firm belief that for light land farmers must come to the American custom of providing the driver with a seat. I can well understand that this idea is much, yes, very much, at variance with principles instilled by our forefathers. They would argue that a man can surely walk eight or ten miles in a day of eight hours, the former being nearer the distance covered by many of the ploughmen of the present time as rolling will be done. It is perfectly true a man can walk his eight or ten miles a day, but that is not the question. What appears to me to be the point is this. Will not a man do more in a day if he is allowed to ride instead of walk? I answer is in the affirmative, for I feel convinced, if I were called upon to hold the handle of the plough, I should be more willing to get over an acre and a half on a single plough with a seat, rather than do an acre on foot.

Whilst talking round the implement department of the late Cambridge Royal Show, a noticeable invention appeared to me to be the Gang Forward plough, exhibited by that veteran firm, known and associated with the plough, namely Messrs. Ransomes, Sims, and Jefferies, Limited, of Ipswich. This is the implement so highly recommended for light lands by such a practical man as Mr. Richard Stratton, the well-known shorthorn breeder.

It is described in the Journal of the Royal Agricultural Society as "A three-furrow plough appropriately named the Gang Forward, designed and constructed from suggestions of Mr. Richard Stratton, of the Bungay Grange, Ipswich, Mon."

Its salient feature is a seat for the driver, contrived so that he may easily take his place and dismount, while the wheel, which runs directly beneath the seat, takes the weight of the man, thereby obviating any possibility of disturbance to the working of the plough. It is intended specially for getting over a large breadth of light ploughing with economy and greater celerity than with the older form of plough. It breaks up turnip land after sheep, ploughs up autumn stubble, skims clover layers, and does general light ploughing in a most effective manner. Its three furrows each turn a depth of from three to four inches to a width together of two feet. The lever for steering is worked easily from the seat, as is also the lever by which the plough is raised for turning at the headlands. It is of comparatively light draught, and two horses will plough three acres per day—a fairly moderately greater acreage than if the man in charge had to walk the distance.

It decidedly meets the present necessity for a cheaper method of cultivation, for, as has been shown, it will do a better piece of work by an ordinary single-furrow at one-third the cost. Also, where land requires cleaning, the work of this plough is superior to that of others, for, as the furrows are narrower, it enables the land to be subsequently more thoroughly worked upon by the harrows. It affords full clearance for weeds, long stubble, grass ormanure. The breasts are of steel, with cast chilled self-sharpening shares, made with renewable points if desired, and also in steel.

It is particularly interesting to see a four of so fresh outbreak of foot-and-month disease. Public meetings have been held at Bury St. Edmund's and elsewhere protesting against the stringent measures issued by the Board of Agriculture, and it appears to be the general opinion that members at Whitehall have very broad ideas as to the area over which they impose their restriction. With an outbreak in Cambridge, it would scarcely have been deemed necessary to close the markets at Bury St. Edmund's, and to place stringent restrictions on the neighbourhood for several miles this side of the West Suffolk centre. There is no doubt the farmer and butcher in the restricted districts, and especially those on the border, feel very strongly on this point, and have been put to great loss and inconvenience by it. However, as the Board of Agriculture views it, a few had better suffer than the whole community, although we cannot say that it is with the sufferers from this decision. Those amongst us who remember the sad losses occasioned in past years by this very contagious disease will readily discern how necessary it is for Government to act with due caution in the matter. However, we are glad to hear there is every reason to expect these restrictions will speedily be modified. Smithfield Show opens on December 10th.

The entries for cattle and sheep are exceptionally creditable. It is stated as regards cattle, it will be the largest show ever held at Islington. Owing to the prevalence of swine fever, the show will be robbed of those huge monstrosities of pork usually so great an attraction to our city friends. However, the Queen has graciously consented to offer a handsome cup, value £150, for the best beast bred and fed by exhibitor. Farmers visiting the show must not fail to inspect the exhibition of choice table poultry, which adjoins the Agricultural Hall. Sir Walter Gilbey, Bart., has with his usual zeal taken the matter up, and his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales is one of the patrons. This subject of poultry-rearing requires the serious consideration of the agricultural world.

Harvest by big hitsthe farmer can and must expect to make headway in these adverse times, therefore it is for all to carefully consider the poultry yard and see if they can each one retain ten or twenty pounds of the vast sum that is being spent abroad for importation in that department.

DEATH OF A SUFFOLK SHEEP BREEDER.

Suffolk agriculturists, more particularly breeders of the well-known Suffolk sheep, have lost a valued friend by the death, which took place suddenly on Tuesday, of Mr. D. Haggart, steward for the Marquis of Bristol's Tuddenham Hall Estate. Apparently in his usual health, the deceased went to visit some men working upon the estate, and after leaving them he proceeded homewards, walking shortly after four o'clock, and had reached the vicinity of Mr. Fever Parker's house, on the road between Tuddenham and Barton Mills, when he was seen to reel and suddenly fall. A person ran up to the deceased, and found that he had a valued friend by the death, which took place suddenly on Tuesday, of Mr. D. Haggart, steward for the Marquis of Bristol's Tuddenham Hall Estate. Apparently in his usual health, the deceased went to visit some men working upon the estate, and after leaving them he proceeded homewards, walking shortly after four o'clock, and had reached the vicinity of Mr. Fever Parker's house, on the road between Tuddenham and Barton Mills, when he was seen to reel and suddenly fall. A person ran up to the deceased, and found that he had a valued friend by the death, which took place suddenly on Tuesday, of Mr. D. Haggart, steward for the Marquis of Bristol's Tuddenham Hall Estate. Apparently in his usual health, the deceased went to visit some men working upon the estate, and after leaving them he proceeded homewards, walking shortly after four o'clock, and had reached the vicinity of Mr. Fever Parker's house, on the road between Tuddenham and Barton Mills, when he was seen to reel and suddenly fall. A person ran up to the deceased, and found that he was dead. He returned home to Scotchman, whose early years had genial disposition won for him a very wide circle of friends. Mr. Haggart was very successful, especially with black-faced sheep. He is about 30 years since he went to Tuddenham, having previously been with the Marquis of Breadalbane in Scotland, and he showed from the first great pride in the breeding of sheep. He improved the flock until, a few years ago, the Tuddenham black-faced sheep became a leading one amongst Suffolk flocks, taking the Ellesmere challenge cup about five years ago, and running other flocks very close in previous and succeeding years.

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FRIENDLY SOCIETY NOTES.

[SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED.]

The Board of Inland Revenue have this week made an announcement which will be welcome to friendly societies. They have intimated to the principal orders and bodies in the United Kingdom that all cheques drawn by or on behalf of friendly societies are to be exempt from Stamp Duty. This concession will represent a saving of thousands of pounds yearly in the manage' ment expenses of the great friendly societies.

The Friendly Society Handbooks, which first made their appearance only a very few years ago, have also by the means of bringing many new members to the various courts and lodges. At the same time they involve no little trouble to the compilers; hence those districts favoured by such a publication have cause for gratitude to their Handbook Committees. The Foresters and Oddfellows' Colchester and District Handbook for 1895 has just been issued by Bro. Sims, trustee Court 3635, A.O.F., and Bro. W. W. Mann, secretary 6032, M.U.I.O.O.F. It contains a complete list of the lodges and officers of the district, a table of meeting nights, particulars of the anniversaries of the Ancient Order of Shepherds; also a list of the lodges and officers of the Bury St. Edmund's and Maldon districts, M.U.I.O.O.F., and an excellent portrait and biographical notice of P.C.R. W. Stonebridge.

Fortunately it is only a rare occurrence for a lodge to lose two of its oldest members at one time. This, however, has happened to the lodge of Waveney Valley Lodge of the Oddfellows, Lothy Oddfellows, and on Monday afternoon the mortal remains of Bro. George Chaplin, florist, and Bro. James Squire, retired carpenter, were laid to rest in Rodeshall Churchyard. The funerals took place concurrently, and in addition to the many friends who assembled to pay a last tribute of respect to these veterans in the cause of Oddfellowship were over 60 members of the "Waveney Valley" Lodge, as well as brethren from the Hundred meeting. The burial service was impressively conducted by the Ven. Archdeacon Perowne.

The "Temple of Friendship" Lodge, M.U.I.O.O.F., held their anniversary dinner on Monday evening last at the Fox Hotel, Stowmarket, Past Grand S. A. Turner presiding. There were also present—Bros. G. W. Wicks, V.G., and W. Murray, P.G., trustees; W. Greengrass, P.G.; J. E. Simpson, treasurer; S. Jordan, permanent secretary; and R. Godfrey, N.G. The "Gipping" Lodge was represented by Bros. H. Cuthbert, N.G., and S. F. Ormes, permanent secretary, while four brethren from the Needham Lodge were also in attendance. Others present included Bros. C. C. Tuck, F. Oakes, F. C. Peecock, A. Game, G. Diaper, R. Mayhew, E. Case, Keeble, Lockwood, &c. An excellent repast was placed on the tables by host J. Garrard in his usual well-known style, after which the usual loyal toasts were duly honoured, at least and song. "The Army, Navy, and Auxiliary Forces" was responded to by Capt. C. C. Tuck, and Lieut. F. Oakes on behalf of the latter.

"The Board of Directors and Bury St. Edmund's District" was proposed by Past Grand Samuel Jordan, and Bro. J. E. Simpson, P.G., replied: "The 'Temple of Friendship' Lodge," by Bro. W. Murray, P.G., and Godfrey, G., responded. "The Chairman" was proposed by Bro. G. W. Wicks from the vice-chair in happy terms, and was received with rounds of applause, and accorded Lodge honours. Bro. Turner, in reply, said he was only too pleased to do anything in his power to help forward the work of Oddfellowship. He had had some 30 years' experience, during which period great progress had been made; they had heard from their treasurer that the total funds of the Unity were 8½ millions—an amount sum to have been raised by working men, whose aim was to help one another by helping themselves. He was proud to belong to their Society, and he only hoped that, as they climbed the ladder of life, they would never meet with an old friend tottling down. (Cheers.) During the evening songs were sung by Bros. A. Game, J. Ward, C. Nice, G. W. Wicks, S. Ormes, E. Abra, A. E. Pratt, and a recitation by H. M. Whitelaw.

At the annual meeting of the Luxfield Branch of the National Sick and Burial Association held in the Boys' Endowed School, Laxfield, on Saturday evening last, Mr. Stephen Folgate was re-elected Chairman of the Branch, this being his seventh year of office. Mr. George Thirkettle, the secretary, declared the result of the voting as follows:—Messrs. J. Folgate, blacksmith; 49 votes; Alfred Freeman, labourer, 19 votes; H. Emery, farmer and shopkeeper, 14 votes. The Club is a flourishing one, numbering over 200 members, and has rendered valuable help to the labouring classes.

Friendly society brethren in Ipswich will be pleased to learn that Bro. John Pye, of the Past Grands' Lodge of the Manchester Unity, has been nominated as a candidate for St. Peter's parish on the Ipswich Board of Guardians. As a representative society of man and a respected citizen, Bro. Pye should make a strong candidate.

The Bramford Branch of the "Eastern Star" Provident Association, holding its meetings at the Cock Inn, has of late years made excellent progress. Since 1885 it has increased in numbers from 30 to 75 members, and funds from £75 to £270. The energetic members still felt more could be done, and determined upon starting a juvenile branch. A meeting having this object in view was held on Monday evening last in the club room, and the promoters were rewarded by a large attendance of the ladyers, which included a good number of youths, who throughout displayed great interest in the proceedings. Mr. J. R. Staddon, of Ipswich, the surgeon to the Branch, who during the past sixty years has taken great interest in the Society, presided at the meeting, being supported by several officers and members of the Ipswich Branches, including Bros. W. V. Leverett, W. J. Bantborp, F. Fayre, James Gage, Herbert Hobart, F. Clarke, James T. Payne, R. W. H. Payne, and F. Bloomfield, all of whom dwelt upon the advantages of a juvenile branch. At the close of the meeting several gave in their names for membership, and it was ultimately decided to start the branch at once.

A concert the result of which must have gratified the promoters took place at the Feathers Inn, Ipswich, on Monday evening, for the benefit of the widow and seven fatherless children of the late Bro. E. C. May, of Court 2436 A.O.F., and the Boot and Shoe Operatives Society. A Committee consisting of Messrs. W. Aldous (chairman), W. Page, J. Weathy, G. Marshall, C. Roe, B. Wentcott, A. Backhouse, D. Emeney, W. J. Terris (secretary), and J. Cook (treasurer), worked energetically for the success of the undertaking, and they succeeded in bringing together an acceptable lot of performers.

These included Messrs. C. Cullington, C. Roe, H. Geary, W. Allcock, Manning, Smith, F. A. Collins, E. Boer, C. Williams, F. Cook, Bantoft, D. Emeney, W. Terris and R. Hines. Councillor F. A. Bales presided, and in acknowledgment of a vote of thanks, urged upon young men the necessity of joining a friendly society. Mr. C. Chinnell ably filled the vice-chair, and we must not forget to mention Mr. R. Harbord, who discharged the duties of M.C., and contributed to the harmony of the evening in a very happy manner. The total receipts, donations, sale of tickets, and collection in the room realised the substantial sum of £5 16s., and after four shillings had been deducted for the pianist, the balance of £5 12s. was handed over to the widow in whose aid the concert was arranged

CLELIA.

RECENT WILLS.

Leaving personal estate valued at £6,135, the late Right Rev. Alfred Blomfield, Bishop Suffragan and Archdeacon of Colchester, who died on the 6th November, aged 61 years, appointed his brother, Admiral Blomfield, and Mrs. Blomfield, of Mongeham Barnes, executors of his "last and solemn will," which bears date 5th November, 1894, which begins "In the name of God, Amen," and by which the testator bequeaths all and absolute his properties and possessions of every sort and description to his wife.

The personal estate has been valued for probate at £24,331 2s. 3d. of the late Alderman George John Oliver, of Bury St. Edmund's, junior member of the firm of Oliver and Sons, grocers, drapers, and a former Mayor of Bury St. Edmund's, who died on the 25th July last, aged 66 years, and whose will, dated November 27th, 1890, with a codicil made the 12th January, 1894, the executors are his sons, Mr. John George Oliver, of Bury St. Edmund's, and Mr. Oliver, merchant, and Henry Stanton Oliver, of Sudbury, brewer. The testator bequeaths to his wife, Mrs. Mary Agnes Oliver, £500, furniture and household effects to the value of £200, and an annuity during her widowhood of £150. There is also a charge in her favour of £200 a year on the testator's business premises. His son Charles having by the deed of partnership the option of acquiring the business carried on at Bury in the Abbey precincts for £2,000, the testator by his will gives him also the option of acquiring his interest in the High Baxter Street premises for £2,400, and he leaves the residuary estate in trust in equal shares for all his children, the wife and children of his son Hugh taking his share.

HIMROD'S CURE FOR ASTHMA.—Established nearly a quarter of a century.—Prescribed by the Medical Faculty throughout the world. It is used as an inhalation, and without any after bad effects. Testimonials of efficacy from the late Lord Beaconsfield, also from Miss Emily Faithfull, Sir Morell Mackenzie, Oliver Wendell Holmes, and thousands of others post free, at 4s. 3d. British Depôt—46, Holborn Viaduct, London, and also of Newbery & Sons, Barclay & Sons, Lynch & Co Sangers, and all Wholesale Houses.

WOMAN'S WAYS AND WORK.

[SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED.]

The Queen has happily not suffered from the damp engendered by the floods at Windsor. Her rheumatism has not been troubling her much lately. Her Majesty, in general health, is very well, but she experiences difficulty in walking. She never ascends or descends stairs, but has lifts in all her palaces, is wheeled from room to room in a chair, and from the foot of the lift to her carriage.

The Prince of Wales has returned from Russia, but the Princess still remains with her sister. It is probable that T.R.H. will come to England to see their mother, the Queen of Denmark, whose health is giving great anxiety, before the Empress of Russia goes to her son in the Caucasus. From Denmark the Princess will probably return direct to England.

The infant Prince Edward of York has paid his first visit to Windsor since the Queen's return there. He was escorted by his young aunts, the Princesses Maud and Victoria of Wales, who were black-and-white greens simply ravishing in their pretty hats trimmed with large bows of dull corded ribbon. The little Prince is said to look a thorough boy.

The Princess Christian has been holding a bazaar this week at the Grafton Galleries in aid of the British Nurses' Association. Miss Maud Kennedy's large collection of South American work and native curosities from Samoa, Honolulu, California, Bagoés, and Mexico, was on view and proved very interesting.

The marriage of Prince Adolphus of Teck with Lady Margaret Grosvenor is fixed to take place on Wednesday, December 12th.

The question has lately been disputed in Court as to what presents given by athusband to his wife become here absolutely. The case in point was concerning a large carriage and some dogs, which had been purchased by his wife while they were living together, and which, upon a formal separation taking place between them, he refused to allow her to keep. The decision of the Courts was, however, to make him surrender them.

Sir Francis Jeune drew a distinction between "absolute gifts" and "paraphernalia," and laid it down that "peace-offerings which seal the settlement of disputes between husband and wife belong to the former category, while presents merely made for the purpose of adornment of the person must be included under the latter." Does Sir Francis Jeune intend to convey that a husband may lawfully treat his wife as he would a chattel, and say, "There, my dear, is a diamond tiara for you; but mind you behave prettily and do as you are bid, or I shall take it away again"?

We do not ourselves see why a wife's presents from her husband should not be as absolutely hers as those from anyone else. The "mine is thine" business between husband and wife has been practically obsolete since the passing of the Married Women's Property Act. It is very sweet in theory, but not always pleasant in practice.

Miss E. A. Ormerod has just published an interesting manual on the warble fly. As immense amount of injury is done to cattle by these insects. The health of the animal is affected by these pests, and damage also is done to the meat and the hides by the presence of the maggots growing under the skin. By carrying out the very cost the inquiry which has resulted in the mass of valuable information contained in the pamphlet. Miss Ormerod has done public work of great importance.

The number of wedding presents given to Prince Adolphus of Teck and Lady Margaret Grosvenor has already amounted to five hundred; amongst them are several diamond tiaras.

Photo cases for miniatures are to be seen this Christmas made in sparkling paste. Photograph frames in general are more lovely than ever this year, the prettiest being those in pearl-beaded silks, French blue especially smartly bound with gold braid, or in flowered velvets.

The following story from the *Globe* of a Japanese victim of fashion is worth relating. "A Japanese lady who wished to be dressed in the latest European style, ordered a dress and underclothing from a Paris firm with instructions that the garments were to be made in the order in which they are worn. This was done. Unfortunately, the Japanese lady, who received the case just in time to don the clothes for a garden-party, opened the box at the wrong end. The company were sorry for her, but could not help laughing at her misfortune in her foolishness in wishing to exchange the becoming costume of her country for that of European civilisation.

We find in hurriedly glancing through the returns of the elections for parish councillors or district councillors that the ladies have not availed themselves very largely of their power to stand for either office. Here and there, during the past month or two, we find the names of women amongst the nominees, chiefly for the District Council. In the immediate neighbourhood of Ipswich, at Witnesham, a woman was nominated for a parish councillor, but she withdrew her name. Hence there was no contest, a woman's name is on the list of nominations for parish councillors. At Bergholt, Mrs. Spencer is nominated as a district councillor; there is to be a poll. At Holbrook, where the people pride themselves on being up-to-date, Mrs. Hunter Rodwell has been elected as a parish councillor, and Miss Sophie Hunter Rodwell as a district councillor. As Guardians in the boroughs, ladies are coming forward in goodly numbers. Five are standing for election in Ipswich, and four in Colchester.

The wide bell-shaped skirts, which in fashion plates look to be exaggerated, are in varity worn the other side of the Channel, as are also the full short lace-edged coats, which do not appear to have taken much in England at present. A seal jacket from Paris is tightfitting, with the edge, which is short, arranged to fall in two points at the back, with a box plait between. The sleeves are very full at the wrist, where they are met in a cuff of Persian lamb; the high rolled collar is lined with lamb. Large bretelles of lamb are cut in deep points over the shoulders and taper to the waist at back and in front. A similar jacket might be made in velvet.

The artificial flower most used in millinery at the present time is the chrysanthemum. Some of the felt shapes are covered with brown hidden in a wreath of many-hued chrysanthemums.

A useful novelty of the season is a muff-holder. They are long slender chains of gun-metal, or burnishable gilt or jet, and are fitted with a long straight rod that closes like the clasp of a necklace; this rod passes through the muff. Those people who, however, are fortunate enough to possess one of the old-fashioned long gold watch chains can utilise it as a muff-holder of a far superior kind. Gun metal is very fashionable.

Everything is Russian now that is not Japanese. Russian blouses have therefore again become fashionable, and the newest scent is Moika—Russian, of course—and at present very difficult to obtain in England.

CLELIA.

CORRESPONDENCE.

** This column is open for the free expression of our readers' opinions on subjects which it is desirable publicity should be given. We expect all letters to be free from verbiage and strictly to the point. We do not undertake, however, that we do not identify ourselves with the opinions of correspondents.*

THE CHURCH BOYS' BRIGADE.

[TO THE EDITOR.]

SIR,—The growing interest which many of your readers have taken in the Church movement since last February, when Col. H. W. Packard and Major Mackenzie inspected the 1st Ipswich Company, combined with Holy Trinity parish, encourages me to appeal for further help in a work, the main object of which is to promote habits of reverence, self-respect, and obedience, and all that goes to make Christian manliness among boys. Although we have had no band to march with, the Company has been more than doubled since the inspection. Many have left the ranks during the year which ended in September last, yet we have increased from 40 to 80 boys, and have nearly seventy boys enrolled. On Saturday afternoons the 1st and 2nd football elevens are frequently to be seen playing matches for the honour of the Club, kindly granted for their use by Mr. John Cobbold. Another very interesting feature of this 1st Ipswich Company is the establishment under the superintendence of Dr. Fryer, who generously gives his time for our benefit. Yet many of your readers will naturally expect more from such an organization, for, however valuable and important (and they are valuable and important) a knowledge of drill, cricket, and ambulance may be, there is a higher part of boys' nature which also must be cultivated. That higher nature, I rejoice to say, is not ignored, reference being made to it not alone in the Brigade Bible Class, but also when addressing the boys

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and is imploring God's blessing upon our Company at the weekly drill; for it seems to me that an officer who conducts a Company without at every meeting keeping the great object before the boys, is neglecting the very reason of the Brigade's existence. The many expenses which such a work involves necessitate an appeal for funds beyond our poor parish, which I hope will prove irresistible to all those who "love their fellow-men," that so with gladsome heart we may continue our work among these boys. I have great pleasure in informing your readers that Captain E. G. Pretyman is honorary captain of the Company; Dr. Fryer, honorary ambulance lecturer; and Sergt.-Major Mogford, drill instructor. Donations and subscriptions will be thankfully received by yours faithfully,

REV. J. H. JENNINGS,
Captain 1st Ipswich Company.

24, Alan Road, Ipswich.

POOR CHILDREN'S CHRISTMAS DINNER.

[TO THE EDITOR.]

SIR,—We venture once again to appeal through the medium of your widely circulated paper for funds to give a Christmas Dinner to those poor children in our good old town who will know little or nothing of Christmas fare. The success of past years justifies us in believing the generous public desire that every hungry little child shall be well fed on the day we celebrate as bringing peace and good-will to man. For 21 years we have carried out this dinner; it has sent untold joy into hundreds of homes, and it has been twice blessed, for the giver and the receiver have rejoiced together. We beg, therefore, for funds to feed at least 1,250 children, feeling sure that in consequence of the great slackness of trade the demand for tickets will be greater than ever. Subscriptions will be thankfully received by Messrs. Gurneys, Alexanders and Co., the Bank, or—Yours &c.

JOHN HENRY GRIMWADE, Cornhill,
SAMUEL ALEXANDER, Surrey,
FRANK PRENTICE, Bishops Hill,
E. RANDS, Constitution Hill,
A. J. BIDLEY, Tavern Street.

THE CENTRAL CHURCH COMMITTEE.

[TO THE EDITOR.]

SIR,—As the formation of the above Committee, appointed by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, has excited much interest throughout the country, I trust that you will permit me, as the Organising Secretary whose sphere of work is at present especially the Diocese of Ely, to very briefly explain to your readers the aim and object of our work. It must, in the first place, be quite clearly understood that the movement is in no way connected with party politics (evidence of this is afforded by the presence on the Committee of men of the most divergent political views); but that it is of a distinctly national character in support of the National Church. It is recognised that there is both a strong feeling of dissatisfaction and of misapprehension regarding Church history, the origin and rights of Church property, and the true bearing and results of any scheme of disestablishment and disendowment, when carried into effect, upon the progress of Christianity generally in its attack upon the dark places of the earth. It is felt that this can best be met by the creation in every parish throughout the kingdom (where no efficient local organisation already exists) of a Parochial Committee, consisting, where possible, of an equal number of men and women, the members of which are pledged themselves to inform themselves on the subjects which I have mentioned, and, then, in a friendly spirit, to proceed to spread their knowledge amongst their neighbours and acquaintances, and to distribute such suitable literature for that purpose as is issued by the Central Church Committee and by the Church Defence Institution. The organisation of these committees is effected by means of diocesan and rural-deanal committees. It will be observed that, while in no way underrating the value of public meetings in defence of the Church on suitable occasions, our work is more especially concerned with the promotion of individual study than with the platform. The Central Church Committee are most anxious to impress upon every member of the Church that this is a movement in which special responsibility rests upon them. It cannot be too clearly understood that, while all Churchpeople have a duty to fulfil, they have an equal interest in defending the just rights of the Church, the laity are much more concerned than are the beneficed clergy in the question of the disposal of Church property question, seeing that no measure of disestablishment and disendowment could even pass the House of Commons without assuming adequate provision for existing vested interests; but, as has been well pointed out, no advocate of such a measure has ever proposed to compensate the laity for the loss of those endowments left them by their forefathers to support the offices of the Church." In our work we confidently look for the aid and friendco-operation and support of those of our Nonconformist brethren who are conscientiously in favour of disestablishment, but who, while opposed to the dishonesty and Christian fellowship are opposed to the withdrawal of funds devoted to religious purposes, and their application to secular objects. Finally, I would point out that we, on our part, are on the same grounds quite prepared to defend Nonconformist endowments. One point more, and I have done—that all true and efficacious work for the Church must be done in a Christian spirit, and not in a spirit of bitterness to those who differ from us and with constant regard to that charity which is the greatest of all the virtues. In reply to various enquiries, I should like to add that communications with regard to our work in the diocese of Ely should be addressed either to the Diocesan Secretary, Rev. A. Ellis, Ely Rectory, Newmarket, Cambridgeshire, or to me at the following address.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

CHARLES J. DAVIES, M.A.,
One of the Organising Secretaries of the Central Church Committee.
Northgate House, Regent's Park, London, N.W.,
27th November, 1894.

THE EUCHARIST.

THE ONE DIVINE SERVICE OF OBLIGATION.

[TO THE EDITOR.]

SIR,—In the remarks you were good enough to publish from me on this subject, I was careful to ask that an idea of a controversial should be dismissed by any who should follow me in the discussion. Probably, had I allowed more of the olden indignation to colour my expression of opinion instead of confining myself to the strictly practical, your columns would have teemed with fervid matter from correspondents of both parties. The text for my humble contribution was the question which I learned was being submitted by the Bishop of the Diocese to his Rural Deans conference, and which ran in, I think, this form—"How shall we best make the Holy Communion the actual worship of the people?" I can't see that that question is accurate, but it expresses the sense. I should like just to say a few words in reply to the Rector of Thornham. He, I cannot but think, is lacking in courage, I would ask him how it is possible to teach effectually the obligation of the observance of the Holy Eucharist unless you give to this service at least as much prominence as to the choir offices of matins and evensong, attended as which, however edifying, cannot be said to be service of obligation? Who is to blame if the organist and choir evacuate their posts after the prayer for the Church Militant? I do not know the use at Thornham; but if I knew at what time morning prayer was said on Sunday, and at what hour the celebration of the Holy Communion concluded, I could give a fairly accurate guess as to the number of parishioners who assisted at the latter. Baker refers to Holy Baptism in theory to be of so much greater importance. That even a village congregation may be brought to understand this I have proved. Let us not be satisfied as the "actual worship" of Lord's Day and Festival I have seen demonstrated in a remarkable way. Twenty years ago I was just in a small village church at a choral celebration of the Holy Communion on Ascension Day at four a.m. The church was full of parishioners—mainly, of course, the labourers and their wives—and the service concluded at about 5.30, in time for the workpeople to get to their daily work. It was an object lesson on how to reach the agricultural labourer, which can be only wondered at now. The parish is in this diocese—in Suffolk. And now, Sir, and very briefly, I will notice "Churchman's" criticism of me, conceived in the true partisan spirit. As regards those who are to war with phrases instead of facts, he imports a phrase I was careful to avoid, knowing that such would be gathered much conflict and more misunderstanding. "Non-communicating attendance" was never meant by those who adopted or restored the custom amongst us to mean the attendances at the Holy Communion of persons who were not, nor desired to become, communicants. I do silently agree with your column this very thorny question. I will only ask "Churchman" to note that there were many practices current in Bible, Psalm, and prayer Book days which are now by consent laid aside, including amongst other things common as sexual individual irreprehensible. Moreover, it is not enough to say that because a certain development obtains in the Roman Church, it is therefore condemned. In Church discipline there is always the maximum, or rather the highest standard to be aimed at, and the minimum below which none may fall to be counted as Churchmen. Finally, I will say to show that the Prayer Book provides for a daily Eucharist, and it enfore assumes that some will miss the obligation. Hence the 1st Exhortation in the service whenever celebrated. On the other hand, every parishioner should be present at the least three times in the year, and persons so communicating retain their rights and privileges of full citizenship in the Kingdom of God and Church. We know by experience how to produce generation after generation of non-communicating non-attendants at the celebration. By insisting upon all present communicating at every celebration we have precinded the children and the bulk of our people from assisting at the Memorial of the Sacrifice of the death of Christ. I return to the text of my letter I now ask, how can we better pave the way for making the Holy Communion the actual Church service of the day by first of all further breaking them with the service and making it plain to them that this is the service to be honoured by every principle of love and duty to join in offering?

I, LAYMAN.

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By permission of the Mayor,

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On Monday, Dec. 10th, 1894,

At 2.30 p.m.

CHARLES H. BERNERS, Esq., J.P., in the chair, supported by the Mayor, the Deputy-Mayor, the Countess of Strafforde, Capt. M. Edgell, and others.

The BISHOP of THETFORD and Rev. B. KITSON will be among the Speakers.

Tea provided in the Library.

Ipswich Amateur Operatic Society.

IPSWICH LYCEUM.

THE FAIRY OPERA,

"IOLANTHE,"

WILL BE PRODUCED ON

Thursday, Friday, and Saturday,

DECEMBER 13th, 14th, and 15th, by permission of R. D'Oyley Carte.

Prices as usual. Doors open 7.30; commence at 8. Early Doors at 7 o'clock for Upper Circle, Pit, and Gallery, 6d. extra.

Booking at F. Pawsey's, Ancient House, Ipswich.

SUFFOLK

FAT CATTLE SHOW

President:—W. CUTHBERT QUILTER, Esq., M.P.

DRILL HALL, IPSWICH,

MONDAY and TUESDAY,

December 17th and 18th.

OVER 800 ENTRIES.

ATTRACTIVE LADIES' DEPARTMENT.
FRUIT & FLOWER EXHIBITION.
TABLE DECORATIONS.
ART NEEDLEWORK.
WOOD CARVING, &c.

The Splendid Band of the

ROYAL ARTILLERY, WOOLWICH.

Will perform during the Afternoon and Evening of each day.

ADMISSION:—Monday at 11 a.m. to Public Judging, 1s.; Tuesday, at 8 a.m., 1s., and at 6 p.m. 6d.

SPECIAL TRAIN ARRANGEMENTS (see Bills).

ROBERT BOND, Secretary.

Offices: 013 Bank House, 6, Butter Market, Ipswich

BOROUGH OF IPSWICH.

ALTERATION OF MARKET DAY.

IN compliance with the wishes of the majority of the Merchants and Traders of Ipswich, I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that Tuesday, the 25th December, being Christmas Day, Ipswich Corn and Cattle Markets will be held on MONDAY, the 24th DECEMBER.

Dated this 28th November, 1894.

J. H. BARTLET, Mayor.

Town Hall, Ipswich.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

WEST SUFFOLK.

REVOCATION OF THE ORDER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the Board of Agriculture, dated the 29th November, 1894, intitled "The West Suffolk Sales and Movement (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1894," will be revoked from and after 12 o'clock on Sunday night, the 9th December, 1894.

A. TOWNSHEND COBBOLD,
Deputy-Clerk of the Local Authority for Suffolk.

County Hall, Ipswich,
7th December, 1894.

PLOMESGATE UNION.

THE Guardians of the Poor of the Plomesgate Union invite Tenders for Contracting to Supply the Relieving Officers' Districts with Flour, and the Workhouse at Wickham Market with the following Provisions for the next Three Months, viz., Bread, Meat, Cheese, and Margarine.

Samples, with Tenders, must be delivered at the Porter's Lodge, at the Workhouse, before half-past ten o'clock on the morning of Monday, the 24th day of December.

Printed forms of Tender, which only will be received, may be obtained of the Governor at the Workhouse.

By order of the Board,
CHARLES H. READ,
Clerk to the Guardians.

Board Room, Wickham Market,
3rd December, 1894.

HARTISMERE UNION.

CONTRACTS.

THE Guardians will, at their meeting on Monday, the 17th December instant (not later than 10 a.m.), receive Tenders for supplying the Workhouses at Eye and Wortham with Bread, Flour, and Home-Grown Meat, for the Three Months ending Lady Day, 1895; also the Out-relief Districts with good Flour for the same period.

Forms of Tender can be obtained of the Master, Workhouse, Eye, or the Matron, Wortham School, Diss.

ACCOUNTS.

All Accounts due from the Guardians to be delivered by or before the 7th January, 1895.

By order,
JNO. BOND,
Clerk.

Eye, 6th December, 1894.

STOW UNION.

DISTRICT AND WORKHOUSE MEDICAL OFFICER.

THE Guardians of the above Union are prepared to receive applications for the appointment of a Medical Officer for the District of Stowmarket, and for the Workhouse at Onehouse.

The Salary will be £70 per annum, with extra Medical and Midwifery fees for the District.

The officer will be required to reside within the District.

He will also be appointed Public Vaccinator for the said District.

Applications stating age and full qualifications, and accompanied by copies of recent testimonials, must be sent to me on or before WEDNESDAY, the 12th December, endorsed "District Medical Officer." The appointment will be subject to the approval of the Local Government Board.

By order,
E. E. WILKES,
Clerk to the Guardians.

Stowmarket,
30th November, 1894.

SAMFORD UNION.

PERSONS will to Contract for good Steer Beef, Mutton, Beef Suet, Bread, Flour Butter, Cheese, and Porter, as ordered, for the Workhouse, Tattingstone; and for Bread for the several districts of the Union, for the quarter ending 25th March next, may obtain of me, or of Mr. Jarrold, at the Workhouse, Forms of Tender, which must be returned to me on or before Wednesday, the 19th instant.

Tenders for Bread for the districts must be of uniform price for all the parishes in each district.

The Guardians do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

A. TOWNSHEND COBBOLD, Clerk.

7th December, 1894.

32, Museum Street, Ipswich.

N.B.—All Accounts against the Guardians are to be sent in on or before Monday, the 31st instant.

THETFORD UNION.

CONTRACTS FOR SUPPLIES.

THE Guardians of the above Union will on Friday, the 21st day of December instant, be prepared to receive Tenders for supplying for three months from the 29th day of December instant,

THE THETFORD UNION WORKHOUSE

with Beef, Mutton, Suet, and Bacon, which will be paid for monthly, likewise Flour, Coals, and Milk, which will be paid for at the end of the quarter. Also

THE THETFORD AND METHWOLD DISTRICTS

with Flour, to be delivered at the usual stations in each district, which will be paid for fortnightly, also good Necks of Mutton, which will be paid for monthly.

All persons who may Tender must do so on the special printed forms for that purpose, which may be had on application at my office, and which Tenders are to be delivered to me at the Thetford Union Workhouse (sealed up) by ten o'clock in the morning on the 21st day of December instant, when they will be opened by the Guardians.

Samples of flour to be delivered with each Tender free of expense.

No Tender will be accepted with a fractional part of a penny per stone.

The Guardians do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Each Contractor will be required to enter into a Bond with one surety in the sum of £100 for the due performance of his contract.

BILLS.

All persons having any claim against this Union must deliver their Bills to me on or before the 26th day of December instant, and if found correct they will be paid on the following day.

By order,
E. N. COLE,
Clerk.

Guardians' Office,
1st December, 1894.

SUN FIRE OFFICE FOUNDED 1710.

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE.

Sum Insured in 1893, £395,854,440.

For all particulars apply to the following Agents:—

IPSWICH ... Mr. G. B. Fox.
" ... Messrs. Robert Bond and Sons.
" ... Mr. V. D. Colchester.

R. MILLER & SON'

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

IPSWICH.

Beg to call attention to the undermentioned Wines and Spirits selected from their list as suitable for the present season:—

	per doz.
EXCELLENT SHERRY, Pale or Golden	24/-
OLD TAWNY PORT	25/-
FINE "BURNAY" PORT	32/-
ALGERIAN CLARET	12/6
SUPERIOR CLARET, St. Estephe, 1890 vint.	24/-
SUPERIOR BURGUNDY, "BEAUNE"	24/-
EPERNAY CHAMPAGNE	42/-
CARTE BLANCHE CHAMPAGNE	50/-
FINEST OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY, Proof, Very Choice	44/-
FINEST OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY 10 U.p.	40/-
FINEST OLD IRISH WHISKEY, Proof	44/-
Do. Do. 10 U.p.	40/-

MARASCHINO, CURACOA, CHARTREUSE, BENEDICTINE, KUMMEL, and other FOREIGN LIQUEURS kept in Stock.

FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

CHRISTMAS, 1894.

MILLER & STEEL

INVITE INSPECTION OF THEIR

CHRISTMAS SPECIALITIES,

Suitable for presents, &c., Comprising—

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS, GUIMAREENS, CARLSBAD & ELVAS PLUMS, CHOCOLATES and FRENCH CONFECTIONERY, in Handsome Fancy Boxes and Baskets, from 3d. to 21s. each.

FRENCH PLUMS, PRESERVED GINGER, CHOW CHOW, CUMQUATS, AND DESSERT FRUITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CHRISTMAS BISCUITS AND ICED CAKES.

CRACKERS in great variety and Novel designs.

COLOURED CANDLES in New Tints.

Pâtés De Foie Gras in Terrines, 1/6 to 4/6 each.

FINEST RIPE STILTON CHEESE,
FINEST GORGONZOLA CHEESE,
"LITTLE GLOUCESTER," The New Fancy CHEESE.

3, OLD BUTTER MARKET,
IPSWICH.

Sugar! Sugar!! Sugar!!!

GREAT COLLAPSE OF THE SUGAR MARKET.

WALTER WARD

IS GIVING HIS CUSTOMERS
THE FULL BENEFIT OF THE LARGE FALL IN PRICES.

	per lb.
Best GRANULATED CRYSTALLISED	1¼d ,,
SPARKLING LUMP	1¼d ,,
GOOD MOIST	1¼d ,,
WHITE MOIST	1¼d ,,
YELLOW CRYSTALS	1¼d ,,
BEST DEMERARA	2d ,,

Tea! Tea!! Tea!!!

MARVELLOUS VALUE AT 1/4 PER LB.

Cheap and Pure Butter.

	per lb.
GOOD STOUT BUTTER	10d ,,
FINE DAIRY BUTTER	1/- ,,

Best Sample of Plums.

	per lb.
LARGE NEW FRUIT	3d ,,
GOOD CURRANTS	1½d ,,
FINE CLEAN CURRANTS	2d ,,
VERY FINE CURRANTS	3d ,,

PLEASE NOTE—

WALTER WARD

IS NEVER BEATEN FOR QUALITY AND PRICE.

CENTRAL PROVISION STORES,

15 & 17, TACKET STREET,

IPSWICH.

ALFRED CORNISH,

CHINA, GLASS,
EARTHENWARE, IRONWARE,
PLATE, CUTLERY, &c.,

QUEEN STREET WAREHOUSE,
IPSWICH.

POLISHING—A PLEASURE!

STEPHENSON'S FURNITURE CREAM.

WILL NOT FINGER MARK.

Sold by Chemists, Grocers, and Ironmongers.

Sole Proprietor, STEPHENSON BROS., BRADFORD.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS GO TO THE LONDON BAZAAR.

J. SIMMONS,

IS NOW SHOWING A

WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

NEW GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE CHRISTMAS TRADE, Viz,

FANCY APRONS, PINAFORES, DRESSING GOWNS, LADIES' CAPS, GUIPURE COLLARS AND FRONTS, SILK AND VELVET COLLARS, VESTS, FRONTS, RIBBONS, LACES, HOSIERY,

BEST MAKES IN GLOVES

"Every Pair Guaranteed."

SERVANTS' CAPS AND APRONS, MILLINERY HATS AND BONNETS.

ANNUAL FANCY BAZAAR

WILL BE OPENED ON

DECEMBER 3rd.

19, TAVERN STREET,
AND
3 Tower Street, Ipswich.

THE ANCIENT HOUSE.

IPSWICH.

BIBLES and PRAYER BOOKS. 2d. off Shilling.
NEW FANCY GOODS. 2d. off Shilling.
NEW DESPATCH DESKS. 2d. off Shilling.
PHOTO SCRAP ALBUMS. 2d. off Shilling.
NEW STOCK OF BOOKS. 2d. off Shilling.

ECONOMIC DEPOT.

F. PAWSEY,

THE ANCIENT HOUSE,
IPSWICH.

BULBS.

VERY SPECIAL & LAST OFFER FOR THIS SEASON.

CLEARANCE OF SURPLUS STOCK AT UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.

HYACINTHS, splendid Bulbs, named, red, white, blue, or yellow, suitable for either pot or bedding, at 2s. per dozen or 14s. per 100.

HYACINTHS, all colours mixed at 1s. per dozen or 6s. per 100; only about 3,000 left to offer at this price.

TULIPS in separate colours, fine Bulbs, 2s. 6d. per 100, or in mixture all kinds 1s. 9d. per 100 or 4d. per dozen; worth double this price.

CROCUS, all colours mixed, 1s. per 100, 8s. per 1,000.

NARCISSUS Horsfield, the finest bicolor in cultivation, splendid imported bulbs that must yield satisfactory results, 3s. per dozen, 25 for 5s. 6d., 50 for 10s., or 17s. 6d. per 100.

NARCISSUS Sir Watkin, the Largest and Handsomest of the Incomparabilis section, extra fine imported bulbs, cheap at 1s. each, 3 for 2s. 6d., 6 for 5s. 6d., or 4s. per dozen.

NARCISSUS Poeticus or Pheasant's-eye, extra selected imported bulbs which cannot be excelled, 1s. 6d. per 100; 500 for 6s., or 10s. per 1,000.

NARCISSUS in extra fine mixture, containing Horsfieldi, Golden Spur, Stella, Von Zoia, Poeticus, Ragnusa, Campaile, extra. All carefully selected bulbs, the finest value ever offered. Stock very limited, 100 3s., 500 12s. 6d., or 20s. per 1,000. Note—Not less than 100 bulbs of this mixture sold.

NARCISSUS Polyanthus varieties. Grand Monarque, pure white, with lemon cup, and White Pearl, pure white, with white cup, the two most beautiful of all the Polyanthus Narcissus at same absurd rates, viz., 6 for 1s., 1s. 6d. per dozen, 50 for 4s. 6d., or 7s. 6d. per 100. Soleil d'Or, the best yellow variety, 25 for 1s. 3d., 50 for 2s., or 3s. 6d. per 100.

Note.—The above quotations are nett, and for cash with order.

W. ADDISON,

SEEDSMAN AND BULB IMPORTER,
EAGLE STREET, IPSWICH.

G. H. DIPPLE

THE WATCHMAKER,

27, TAVERN STREET,

Begs to call your attention to his

FIFTH ANNUAL SALE

And would respectfully ask you to note and remember the following facts.

FIRST: That his stock (considerably over £3,000 worth) is all of the Newest and Choicest Description, and has been purchased direct of the best manufacturers only for cash.

SECONDLY: That it is all marked to sell at G. H. Dipple's well-known close cash cutting prices.

THIRDLY: That it is off these low prices that G. H. Dipple once a year (at Xmas time) takes a discount of 3/- in the £ off amounts over 5/-, and 1½d. in the 1/- off amounts under 5/-.

IN SHORT: It is an opportunity for you to purchase Watches, Gold and Silver Alberts, Guinea Gold Wedding Rings, all kinds of Keeper and Gem Rings, all kinds of Gold and Silver Jewellery and Silver and Silver Plate, at much lower prices than it is possible for you to purchase them in the ordinary way of trade.

Those who are wise will take advantage of it.

To make sure you are at the right shop, notice that there is a Large Clock projecting over the shop front.

G. H. DIPPLE

27, TAVERN STREET,

IPSWICH.

Bookbinding

SCOPES AND SON,

QUEEN STREET and PRINCES STREET, IPSWICH, are the Cheapest and Best Binders of every description of books.

This Day (SATURDAY), and all Next Week,

BRAND AND SONS

WILL OFFER SEVERAL

VERY SPECIAL PURCHASES

IN

JACKETS, CAPES, WATERPROOFS, & FURS.

TAILOR-MADE JACKETS,

HANDSOMELY BRAIDED JACKETS,

FUR TRIMMED JACKETS,

QUITE PLAIN JACKETS,

COLOURED JACKETS,

INCLUDING

THE NEW COSSACK BLUE, FAWNS, TANS, and NEW FANCY TWEEDS.

OUR

"SUCCESS"

JACKET

(AS SKETCH),

ONLY

10/11.

Ladies' Smart Tailor-made Coat,

MADE OF

CURL CLOTH, TRIMMED MILITARY BRAID. PERFECT SHAPE and FINISH.

EXCEPTIONAL PURCHASE OF LADIES' FUR EDGED CAPES, Lined and Quilted Throughout, Black and Colours, all at 5s. 11½d.

NOTE.—These Goods are so Remarkably Cheap that they must have a RAPID SALE, and Ladies wishing to secure the Best Garments should take the earliest possible opportunity of calling to inspect them.

LADIES' FUR EDGED COATS, full length, made from NEW BROCHE CLOTH, lined and quilted throughout, from 7s. 11d. to 63s.

CHOICE SELECTION OF LADIES' MANTLES in PLUSH, VELVET and BROCHE, TRIMMED THIBET, and the NEW FEATHER TRIMMING.

CHILDREN'S and MAIDS' GARMENTS a great speciality. Hundreds of Garments to select from.

VALUABLE COLLECTION OF FURS, INCLUDING BOAS, VICTORIAS, COLLARETTES, CROSSOVERS, MUFFS, ANIMAL TIES.

RUBBER WATERPROOFS, most Fashionable Shapes, from 3s. 11d. to 37s. 6d.

BRAND AND SONS,

JACKET, MANTLE, AND WATERPROOF MANUFACTURERS,

28, 30, 32, 34, AND 36, TACKET STREET, IPSWICH.

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"The best Four Roller Mill in the World.'

E. R. & F. TURNER,

St. Peter's & Grey Friars' Works, Ipswich and 82, Mark Lane, London, E.C.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLOUR MILL MACHINERY

ON THE MODERN

ROLLER SYSTEM.

Mills running on TURNERS' SYSTEM may be seen in any part of the Eastern Counties by application to the above Firm.

TELEGRAMS: "Gippeswyk, Ipswich"; "Canvasser, London."

GREAT BARGAINS

FOR CHRISTMAS.

WATCHES,

JEWELLERY,

CLOCKS,

PLATE AND FANCY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

ALL THE NEWEST FASHIONS

NOTED SHOP FOR REPAIRS.

CANDLER

THE PEOPLE'S JEWELLER,

10, CARR STREET, IPSWICH.

IF YOU WANT FRUIT TREES

That will bear regularly, purchase Apples worked upon our Paradise Stock. We have 70,000 to select from and shall be pleased to show them to visitors.

TRAINED TREES A SPECIALITY.

J. R. PEARSON & SONS,

CHILWELL NURSERIES, NOTTS.

ESTABLISHED 1782.

TABLE LAMPS. ALL KINDS. HANGING LAMPS. ALL PRICES.

TAYLOR & COMPANY,

26, NORWICH ROAD.

IPSWICH.

HAND LAMPS. BRACKET LAMPS.

SUIT ALL

5,000 NEW PRESENTS

HAVE BEEN RECEIVED

FOR S. SMITH AND SMITH'S

GREAT CHRISTMAS SHOW

AT THEIR ENLARGED PREMISES,

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Novelties from all parts of the World.

ALL ARE INVITED TO WALK ROUND.

THE CASH "SUIT-ALL" STORES,

46 & 48, BUTTER MARKET, IPSWICH.

SPECIAL SHOWROOM ALL 6d. PRESENTS.

SPECIAL SHOWROOM ALL 1s. PRESENTS.

SPECIAL SHOWROOM CHRISTMAS CARDS.

S. WARREN'S

"BEST OF ALL" CASH STORES,

13, Tavern Street, Ipswich.

XMAS CARDS!!!

"BEST OF ALL" PACKET, 25 Good Cards, 6½d., Post Free 9d.

"EXCELSIOR" PACKET, 25 High-Class Cards, 1s., Post Free 1s. 2d.

FINE ART BOX, 20 very Choice Cards, worth 5s., 1s. 6d., Post Free 1s. 9d.

SPECIAL SHOW ROOM — All Newest Cards, Calendars, Games, Diaries, Almanacks, &c.

NEW BOOKS!!

Cash Discount 2d. in the 1s. off BOOKS, MAGAZINES, BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS.

FANCY GOODS!

Newest Novelties at Cash Prices.

CHEAPEST BIBLES IN THE WORLD, 6d., 1s., 1s. 6d., 1s. 9d., 2s.

IPSWICH ENGRAVING OFFICE.

A. HOSKINS AND CO.,

DOG'S HEAD LANE.

FIFTEEN REASONS

WHY YOU SHOULD TAKE OUT

A SICKNESS POLICY

WITH ALBERT RANSON.

1. BECAUSE to provide against sickness is to prove yourself thrifty.
2. BECAUSE thrift is essential to a true morality.
3. BECAUSE by staking your good health against the chances of illness you are speculating
4. BECAUSE speculation is opposed to both thrift and morality.
5. BECAUSE although you may have been healthy in the past it is the future that you have to provide for.
6. BECAUSE sickness will come, and will bring with it greatly increased expenditure, and probably loss or depreciation of income.
7. BECAUSE Sickness Insurance is the only means of providing a certain and adequate income during sickness.
8. BECAUSE your savings for times of sickness may thus be regular and adequate, and the provision ample.
9. BECAUSE if you have a family they will share its advantages with you.
10. BECAUSE if you have no family it is still a good provision for yourself.
11. BECAUSE you cannot do for yourself what can be done by combination with others.
12. BECAUSE you cannot afford to be ill, and therefore you cannot afford to be uninsured against sickness.
13. BECAUSE the premiums charged are as low as is compatible with safety.
14. BECAUSE all claims are promptly and liberally met.
15. BECAUSE the security is undoubted and indisputable.

INFORMATION GLADLY GIVEN AND RATES QUOTED FREE OF CHARGE.

ALBERT RANSON,

32, WESTGATE STREET, IPSWICH.

N.B.—WE WANT BUSINESS, BUT NEVER APPLY UNDUE PRESSURE.

"Better than Fame is still the wish for Fame."

Lytton.

This has been

The guiding principle that has prompted the preparation of the

EXTENSIVE SHOWROOMS

OF Messrs. Fraser IN Princes Street, Ipswich.

All former achievements surpassed! NO ONE should fix their choice upon SEASONABLE

← PRESENTS, →

without first seeing this superb show of Gold and Gem Rings and Jewellery, Sterling Silver and Electro-Plate Goods in choice designs, Artistic and Unique Specialities suitable for all.

MAKE A NOTE OF IT!

R. B. & J. B. FRASER,
Jewellers & Silversmiths,
IPSWICH.

JOHN ORTON & CO.,

IRONMONGERS AND OIL AND COLOURMEN.

PRESERVES THE NUTRITIOUS JUICES AND DELICATE FLAVOURS.
MAKES FOOD APPETISING AND SATISFYING.
Ensures Sound Digestion and Glowing Health.
MADE TO FIT ALL SIZES IN SAUCEPANS.

BUTTER MARKET, NORWICH ROAD, & ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

WORKS: ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH LANE; STORES: SILENT STREET.

SUFFOLK COUNTY HANDBOOK

(LATE KNIGHTS')

WILL BE PUBLISHED IN A FEW DAYS.

ORDER EARLY TO PREVENT DISAPPOINTMENT.

FRESH FEATURES.

INVALUABLE INFORMATION

AMONGST THE MANY NEW ATTRACTIONS IS A

SPLENDID COLOURED MAP.

ISSUED AT 6D., LIMP CLOTH 1/-.

IPSWICH: Printed and published by THE IPSWICH JOURNAL PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited, at Museum Street, in the parish of St Matthew, Saturday, December 8, 1894.